

COUNTY BOROUGH OF DONCASTER

ANNUAL REPORTS

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and

SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICER

for the

YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1941

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PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

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Vice-Chairman:

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Committee:

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,,	CLARK .	,,	H. PAYNE
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Alderman	GILBERTHORPE	Councillor	E. PAYNE
Councillor	AUCKLAND	,,	WEBSTER
19	BAILEY	Mrs. E. O.	CLARK
",	CLARK	Mrs. R. LA	AW
		Mrs. A. E.	PLANT

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ALDERMAN H. WARREN, J.P.

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COUNCILLOR SCARGALL.

Committee:

THE MAYOR (Councillor C. H. MASON)

	TITE TITE OIL (COURT		0. 11, 1,1110 01,
Councillor	AUCKLAND		Councillor RICHARDSON
,,	HANNAH CLARK		,, SHAW
>>	CORBETT		" WEBSTER
,,	JAQUES		Major M. E. CLARK
,,	KINNEAR		A. J. A. HARRIS, Esq., J.P.
,,	LINDSLEY		J. R. H. KAIN, Esq.
• •	MITCHELL		Mrs. E. GEE
,,	MORRIS	•	Mrs. E. D. NEEDHAM
, 17	H. PAYNE		A. STOCKIL, Esq., J.P.

Chief Education Officer:

V. CLARK, M.A.

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Report for the year 1941

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors.

Your Worship, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you my Annual Report on the Health of the County Borough for the year 1941. In an attempt to effect some economy in the use of paper my Annual Report to the Education Committee as School Medical Officer is this year combined with the Annual Report in one cover.

For the same reason, both reports are largely limited to local statistical information, but once again it is hoped that you will find that the reports contain as many essential details as can be published in time of war.

Every effort has been made to maintain the services rendered through the Public Health and School Medical Departments as far as possible on a peace-time basis and a reference to the figures published will, in many cases, show that a further increased use has been made by the public of the services you provide. Pressure of work has, however, rendered it necessary to curtail to a relatively small degree the time spent on routine school medical inspection.

The general health of the community during the period under review has remained satisfactory and the deaths from nearly all causes have shown reductions, the crude death rate having fallen to 11.02 as against the previous year's figure of 12.61. The infant mortality rate has shown an increase from 50 to 59, but this figure is within the limits of the variation of this rate over recent years and the increase has no special significance.

With the exception of cerebro-spinal fever and whooping cough, the notifiable infectious diseases all show very considerable reductions in the number of cases reported and the case rates for all infectious diseases compare very favourably with the rates for the country as a whole and other large towns. The number of cases of diphtheria has again shown a considerable reduction but seeing that, as

yet, only approximately 40% of children in the community have been immunised against the disease, the reduction in the number of cases cannot be wholly attributed to immunisation, and much more work remains to be done before it is possible to feel sure that further outbreaks of diphtheria will not occur.

As in other parts of the country, scabies has been prevalent, and the control and treatment of this disease has caused considerable difficulties.

The birth rate has shown an increase to 14.86 per 1,000 estimated resident population and is thus slightly higher than the rate for England and Wales and the other large towns, but a considerable further increase in this rate will have to occur if a stable population has to be maintained in the country as a whole in the years in to come.

Once again, on behalf of the staff of both Departments, may I express my thanks to the members of the Council, and especially the members of the Education and Public Health Committees, for their continued support and help.

I am,

Yours obediently,

R. WATSON,

Medical Officer of Health & School Medical Officer.

Public Health Offices, Doncaster. 16th July, 1942.

WHOLE AND PART TIME PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS FOR THE YEAR 1941.

Medical Officer of Health, School Medical Officer, Tuberculosis Officer, Medical Superintendent of Isolation and Maternity Hospitals:

R. WATSON,

M.A., M.B., B.Ch., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health, Assistant School Medical Officer and Resident Medical Officer. Infectious Diseases Hospital and Sanatorium:

W. LOMAX, M.D., D.P.H.

Assistant Medical Officer of Health, Assistant Tuberculosis Officer, Resident Medical Officer of Infectious Diseases Hospital and Sanatorium:

E. O. BOWIE, L.A.H.I., L.M., D.P.H.

(till 20th July, 1941).

Assistant Medical Officer of Health and Assistant School Medical Officer, Medical Supervisor of Midwives:

S. C. B. WALKER,

M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H. (till 12th April, 1941).

MARY A. ROGERSON,

M.B., Ch.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., D.C.O.G. (from 1st March, 1941).

Assistant Medical Officer of Health and Assistant School Medical Officer:

MONA THOMSON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

(from 12th August, 1941).

Assistant Tuberculosis Officer:

B. H. MANN, M.D., D.P.H. (from 22nd July, 1941). (joint appointment with West Riding County Council).

Resident Medical Officer, Springwell House:

E. G. MATTHEWS, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

*Medical Officer, Venereal Diseases Clinic:

L. D. CALLANDER, M.D.

*Obstetric Consultant.

D. R. L. STEVENSON, F.R.C.S., M.C.O.G.

*Orthopædic Surgeon:

J. D. McEWEN, M.A., M.B., Ch.B., F.R.C.S.

*District Medical Officers:

H. F. RENTON, M.D., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

(No. 1 District)

J. M. HAIN, M.B., Ch.B. (No 2 District).

*Public Vaccinators:

A. E. HUCKETT, M.B., Ch.B. (No 1 District).

J. ASHFORTH, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (No. 2 District)

*Pathologist:

P. MILLIGAN, M.R.C.P.

*Radiologist:

H. MILLER, M.B., Ch.B., D.M.R.E.

*Ear, Nose and Throat Surgeon:

H. M. PETTY, M.B., Ch.B., D.L.O., R.C.P. & S.

*Ophthalmic Surgeons:

C. F. EMINSON, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.O.M.S.

M. D. THAKORE, B.Sc., M.B., Ch.B., D.O., D.O.M.S.

Senior Dental Officer:

H. L. GRIMSHAW, L.D.S., U.Liv.

Assistant Dental Officers:

D. C. HALL, B.Ch.D. (Leeds), L.D.S., R.C.S. (Lond.)

(on military service).

MURIEL I. MacKAY, L.D.S. (till 21st March, 1941).

VIOLET M. SIM, L.D.S. (from 1st December, 1941).

Chief Sanitary Inspector:

H. INNOCENT, C.R.San.Inst.

Assistant Sanitary Inspectors:

P. H. CALVER, C.R.San.Inst.

G. PENISTONE, Cert. S.I.B., M.S.I.A., Cert. Meat & Other Foods, Smoke Inspector's Cert., R.S.I.

F. C. HALL, Cert. S.I.B., A.R.San.Inst.

D. BRADBURY, Cert. S.I.B., M.S.I.A.

Cert. Meat & Other Foods.

Chief Health Visitor and Chief School Nurse, Supervisor of Midwives:

Miss H. SUITER, M.I.H., Cert. Midwife, H.V. Cert., Cert. Lond. San. Insp. Exam. Board

Health Visitors, School Nurses and Tuberculosis Nurses:

Miss S. E. JACQUES, S.R.N., Cert. Midwife.

(till 31st December, 1941).

Miss H. A. MONKMAN,

S.R.N., Cert. Midwife, H.V. Cert.

Miss F. E. HOLLOWAY,

S.R.N., Cert. Midwife, H.V. Cert.

Miss K. O'BRIEN, S.R.N. Cert. Midwife, H.V. Cert. (till 27th March, 1941).

Miss H. SHERWIN,	
S.R.N., Cert. Midwife, F Miss K. MOODY, S.R.N., Cert. Midwife, F	
Miss M. STEPHENSON,	i.v. cer
S.R.N., Cert. Midwife, I (till 4th Ap	
Miss M. I. FLETCHER, S.R.N., Cert. Midwife, I	H.V. Cert
Miss E. M. HARDEN, S.R.N., Cert. Midwife, I (from 12th M	
Miss M. M'DONALD, S.R.N., Cert. Midwife, (from 17th Ap	H.V. Cer
Nurse in Charge of Ultra Violet Light Clinic: Miss W. BROUGHTON, S.R.N.	, , ,
Nurse in Charge of Women's Clinic: Miss W. NEWLING, S.R.N., S.C.M., V.D. C	ert.
Open Air School Nurses:	
Miss K. M. HUNTINGDON, C.S.M.M.G. Mrs. E. H. PINKERTON.	
Nursing Staff of Infectious Diseases Hospital & Sar	natorium
Matron: Miss J. CUMMINGS, S.R.N., S.F.: Assistant Matron: Miss E. HOWARTH, S.R.N., S.C.I	
Staff: 4 Sisters, 6 Staff Nurses, 24 Probatic	
Nursing Staff of Maternity Home: Matron: Miss B. A. SAXTON, S.R.N., Cert. Staff: 1 Sister, 4 Midwives.	Midwife
Municipal Midwives:	
Mrs. E. E. CLARK, Cert. Midwife. Mrs. E. DRABBLE, S.R.N., Cert. Midwife. Mrs. M. FRENCH, Cert. Midwife. Mrs. M. OGLESBY, Cert. Midwife. Mrs. A. E. SAYLES, Cert, Midwife. Miss M. SOMERS, Cert. Midwife. Mrs. H. TAYLOR, Cert. Midwife. Mrs. E. HOLGATE, S.R.N., Cert. Midwife.	
*Public Analyst: J. EVANS, F.I.C.	
Clerks in Public Health Department 5 Clerks in the Infant Welfare and School Medical)
Departments	5
*Denotes part time.	

Section 1.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area (in acres) 7,793
Registrar-General's estimate of resident population, 1941 73,460
Number of inhabited houses (end of 1941)
Rateable value according to rate books, $20,815$ Sum represented by a penny rate, $1941/42$
(estimated) £2,194
EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS. LIVE BIRTHS.
Legitimate 522 509 1031 per 1,000 estimated resident population.
STILL BIRTHS. Male Female. Total. Rate per 1,000 total
Legitimate 15 16 31 live and still Births. Illegitimate 5 1. 6 32.77 Rate per 1,000 total live and still Births. O.50
DEATHS.
Male. Female. Total. estimated resident population. 445 365 810 11.02
Deaths from Puerperal Causes:—
Rate per 1,000 total Births Deaths. (live and still). Puerperal Sepsis 0 0.0 Other Puerperal Causes 3 2.65
$\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2.65}$
2.03
Death Rate of Infants under one year of age:—
All infants per 1,000 live births 59 Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births 54.31
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births 147.54
Deaths from Measles (all ages) 0 Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages) 5 Deaths from Diarrhœa (under 2 years of age) 8

BIRTH RATE.

The total number of live births allocated to the Borough increased to 1,092, giving a rate of 14.86. The rate for the Country as a whole is 14.2 and for the 126 County Boroughs and Great Towns 14.7.

DEATH RATE.

The Registrar General has suspended the practice of supplying comparability factors for the adjustment of local death rates owing to the variety and magnitude of local population movements and the uneven incidence of civilian war deaths. Until conditions are more settled, therefore, only one death rate, the equivalent of the crude rate of recent years, will be available.

810 deaths have been assigned to the Borough for the year 1941 (445 males and 365 females), as against 908 deaths (504 males and 379 females) during 1940. This represents a death rate of 11.02 per 1,000 estimated resident population,

as compared with a crude rate in 1940 of 12.61.

Of these deaths, 261 were attributable to Diseases of the Heart and Arteries. 281 deaths from these causes were registered in 1940.

There were 22 fewer deaths from Cancer in 1941 than in the previous year, the figures for the two years being 105

and 127 respectively.

A substantial reduction also occurred in the number of deaths due to Respiratory Diseases (excluding Pulmonary Tuberculosis), 94 of these deaths being registered in 1941 as compared with 141 in 1940.

Deaths from Abdominal Diseases increased from 77 in 1940 to 80 in 1941, and Violent Deaths rose from 48 in 1940 to 62 in 1941. A number of civilian deaths due to war

operations is included in the latter figure.

13 deaths from Influenza were registered in 1941. There

were 24 deaths from this cause in 1940.

The deaths of 3 women dying as a consequence of Childbirth and its Associated Defects were registered in 1941. There were 6 deaths from similar causes in 1940.

Congenital Debility, Premature Birth, Malformations, etc., accounted for 31 deaths. 37 deaths from these causes

occurred in 1940.

40 deaths from Pulmonary Tuberculosis were registered in 1941. This was 7 fewer than in 1940, when the deaths from this cause numbered 47.

Deaths from other causes have not varied to any great

extent.

23. Other respiratory diseases 1 2 3 24. Ulcer of stomach or duodenum 5 1 6 25. Diarrhœa under 2 years 4 4 8 26. Appendicitis 4 3 7 27. Other digestive diseases 11 13 24 28. Nephritis 12 23 35 29. Puerperal and post-abortion sepsis. 0 0 0 30. Other maternal causes 0 3 3 31. Premature birth 10 10 20 32. Congenital malformations, birth 6 5 11 33. Suicide 6 5 11 33. Suicide 6 3 9	CAUSES OF DEATH.	M.	F.	Total.
2. Cerebro-spinal fever 3 2 5 3. Scarlet fever 0 0 0 4. Whooping cough 2 3 5 5. Diphtheria 1 1 2 6. Tuberculosis of Respiratory system 25 15 40 7. Other forms of Tuberculosis 4 1 5 8. Syphilitic diseases 3 1 4 9. Influenza 9 4 13 10. Measles 0 0 0 11. Acute polio-myelitis and polio-encephalitis 0 0 0 12. Acute encephalitis 0 1 1 13. Cancer of buccal cavity and oesophagus (M); uterus (F) 4 11 15 14. Cancer of stomach and duodenum 10 3 13 15. Cancer of stomach and duodenum 10 3 13 16. Cancer of all other sites 41 27 68 17. Diabetes 2 3 5 18. Intra-cranial vascular lesions 40 32 72 19. Heart diseases 75 74 149 <td>All Causes</td> <td>445</td> <td>365</td> <td>810</td>	All Causes	445	365	810
3. Scarlet fever 0 0 0 0 4. Whooping cough 2 3 5 5. Diphtheria 1 1 1 2 6. Tuberculosis of Respiratory system 25 15 40 7. Other forms of Tuberculosis 4 1 5 8. Syphilitic diseases 3 1 4 9. Influenza 9 4 13 10. Measles 0 0 0 11. Acute polio-myelitis and polioencephalitis 0 0 0 12. Acute encephalitis 0 1 1 13. Cancer of buccal cavity and oesophagus (M); uterus (F) 4 11 15 14. Cancer of stomach and duodenum 10 3 13 15. Cancer of breast 0 8 8 16. Cancer of all other sites 41 27 68 17. Diabetes 2 3 5 18. Intra-cranial vascular lesions 40 32 72 19. Heart disease 75 74 149 20. Other diseases of circulatory 35 20 </td <td>1. Typhoid and paratyphoid fevers</td> <td>0</td> <td>()</td> <td>0</td>	1. Typhoid and paratyphoid fevers	0	()	0
3. Scarlet fever 0 0 0 0 4. Whooping cough 2 3 5 5. Diphtheria 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 1 1 1 2 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1	2. Cerebro-spinal fever	3	2	5
4. Whooping cough 2 3 5 5. Diphtheria 1 1 2 6. Tuberculosis of Respiratory system. 25 15 40 7. Other forms of Tuberculosis 4 1 5 8. Syphilitic diseases 3 1 4 9. Influenza 9 4 13 10. Measles 0 0 0 11. Acute polio-myelitis and polio-encephalitis 0 0 0 12. Acute encephalitis 0 0 0 0 13. Cancer of buccal cavity and oesophagus (M); uterus (F) 4 11 15 14. Cancer of stomach and duodenum 10 3 13 15. Cancer of breast 0 8 8 16. Cancer of all other sites 41 27 68 17. Diabetes 2 3 5 18. Intra-cranial vascular lesions 40 32 72 19. Heart disease 75 74 149 20. Other diseases of circulatory 35 20 55 22. Pneumonia 20 16 3	3. Scarlet fever	()		0
5. Diphtheria 1 1 2 6. Tuberculosis of Respiratory system. 25 15 40 7. Other forms of Tuberculosis 4 1 5 8. Syphilitic diseases 3 1 4 9. Influenza 9 4 13 10. Measles 0 0 0 0 11. Acute polio-myelitis and polio-encephalitis 0 0 0 0 12. Acute encephalitis 0 0 0 0 13. Cancer of buccal cavity and oesophagus (M); uterus (F) 4 11 15 14. Cancer of stomach and duodenum 10 3 13 15. Cancer of breast 0 8 8 16. Cancer of breast 41 27 68 17. Diabetes 2 3 5 18. Intra-cranial vascular lesions 40 32 72 19. Heart disease 75 74 149 20. Other diseases of circulatory system 21 19 40 21. Bronchitis 35 20 55 22. Pneumonia 20 <td>4. Whooping cough</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>5</td>	4. Whooping cough	2	3	5
6. Tuberculosis of Respiratory system. 25 15 40 7. Other forms of Tuberculosis 4 1 5 8. Syphilitic diseases 3 1 4 9. Influenza 9 4 13 10. Measles 0 0 0 11. Acute polio-myelitis and polioencechalitis 0 0 0 12. Acute encephalitis 0 1 1 13. Cancer of buccal cavity and osesophagus (M); uterus (F) 4 11 15 14. Cancer of stomach and duodenum 10 3 13 15. Cancer of breast 0 8 8 16. Cancer of stomach and duodenum 10 3 13 15. Diabetes 2 3 5 16. Cancer of all other sites 41 27 68 17. Diabetes 2 3 5 18. Intra-cranial vascular lesions 40 32 72 19. Heart disease 75 74 149 20. Other diseases of circulatory system 20 16 36 22. Pneumonia 35 20	5. Diphtheria	1	1	2
8. Syphilitic diseases 3 1 4 9. Influenza 9 4 13 10. Measles 0 0 0 11. Acute polio-myelitis and polioencephalitis 0 0 0 12. Acute encephalitis 0 1 1 13. Cancer of buccal cavity and oesophagus (M); uterus (F) 4 11 15 14. Cancer of stomach and duodenum 10 3 13 15. Cancer of breast 0 8 8 16. Cancer of all other sites 41 27 68 17. Diabetes 2 3 5 18. Intra-cranial vascular lesions 40 32 72 19. Heart disease 75 74 149 20. Other diseases of circulatory 35 20 55 21. Bronchitis 35 20 55 22. Pneumonia 20 16 36 23. Other respiratory diseases 1 2 3 24. Ulcer of stomach or duodenum 5 1 6 25. Diarrhœa under 2 years 4 4 8 <td>6. Tuberculosis of Respiratory system.</td> <td>25</td> <td>15</td> <td>40</td>	6. Tuberculosis of Respiratory system.	25	15	40
9. Influenza	7. Other forms of Tuberculosis	4	1	5
10. Measles 0 0 0 11. Acute polio-encephalitis 0 0 0 12. Acute encephalitis 0 1 1 13. Cancer of buccal cavity and oesophagus (M); uterus (F) 4 11 15 14. Cancer of stomach and duodenum 10 3 13 15. Cancer of breast 0 8 8 16. Cancer of all other sites 0 8 8 17. Diabetes 2 3 5 18. Intra-cranial vascular lesions 40 32 72 19. Heart disease 75 74 149 20. Other diseases of circulatory system 21 19 40 21. Bronchitis 35 20 55 22. Pneumonia 20 16 36 23. Other respiratory diseases 1 2 3 24. Ulcer of stomach or duodenum 5 1 6 25. Diarrhœa under 2 years <td>8. Syphilitic diseases</td> <td>8</td> <td>1</td> <td>4</td>	8. Syphilitic diseases	8	1	4
10. Measles 0 0 0 11. Acute polio-encephalitis 0 0 0 12. Acute encephalitis 0 1 1 13. Cancer of buccal cavity and oesophagus (M); uterus (F) 4 11 15 14. Cancer of stomach and duodenum 10 3 13 15. Cancer of breast 0 8 8 16. Cancer of all other sites 0 8 8 17. Diabetes 2 3 5 18. Intra-cranial vascular lesions 40 32 72 19. Heart disease 75 74 149 20. Other diseases of circulatory system 21 19 40 21. Bronchitis 35 20 55 22. Pneumonia 20 16 36 23. Other respiratory diseases 1 2 3 24. Ulcer of stomach or duodenum 5 1 6 25. Diarrhœa under 2 years <td>9. Influenza</td> <td>9</td> <td>4</td> <td>13</td>	9. Influenza	9	4	13
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24. Ulcer of stomach or duodenum 5 1 6 25. Diarrhœa under 2 years 4 4 8 26. Appendicitis 4 3 7 27. Other digestive diseases 11 13 24 28. Nephritis 12 23 35 29. Puerperal and post-abortion sepsis. 0 0 0 30. Other maternal causes 0 3 3 31. Premature birth 10 10 20 32. Congenital malformations, birth 5 11 33. Suicide 6 5 11 33. Suicide 6 3 9	23. Other respiratory diseases		2	3
26. Appendicitis 4 8 7 27. Other digestive diseases 11 13 24 28. Nephritis 12 23 35 29. Puerperal and post-abortion sepsis. 0 0 0 30. Other maternal causes 0 3 3 31. Premature birth 10 10 20 32. Congenital malformations, birth 6 5 11 33. Suicide 6 3 9		5	1	6
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28. Nephritis 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 20 10 20 20 32. Congenital malformations, birth injuries, infantile disabilities 6 5 11 33 3 9			13	24
29. Puerperal and post-abortion sepsis. 0 0 0 3 3 3 3 3 3 1. Premature birth 10 10 20 32. Congenital malformations, birth injuries, infantile disabilities 6 5 11 33. Suicide 6 3 9			23	35
30. Other maternal causes 0 3 3 31. Premature birth 10 10 20 32. Congenital malformations, birth injuries, infantile disabilities 6 5 11 33. Suicide 6 3 9			1	0
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32. Congenital malformations, birth injuries, infantile disabilities 6 5 11 33. Suicide 6 3 9			1	20
injuries, infantile disabilities 6 5 11 33. Suicide 6 3 9				
33. Suicide 6 3 9		6	5	11
34. Road traffic accidents 12 1 13	33. Suicide	6		9
CAT ATOMA VANIANO MODAMONADO III III AM III AM	34. Road traffic accidents	12		13
	35. Other violent causes	25	15	40
			1	95

GROUPED DISEASES.

1941	1940	1939	1938	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933	1932
Tuberculosis (all types) 45	5 3	41	38	48	33	31	36	41	37
Cancer 105	127	109	115	106	106	95	95	93	86
Diseases of Heart									
and Arteries 261	281	275	274	318	279	264	234	213	212
Respiratory Diseases									
(not Tuberculosis) 94	141	69	72	76	70	5 3	51	80	68
Child Birth and									
Associated Defects 3	6	3	3	4	13	5	3	8	4
Congenital Defects 31	37	34	25	39	23	39	33	27	36
Violent Deaths,									
including Suicide .62	48	43	61	43	39	36	50	38	38

Section 2.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA.

LABORATORY FACILITIES.

There have been no changes in the Laboratory facilities provided for the examination of clinical material, water, milk and foodstuffs.

Below is appended a list showing the Bacteriological examinations of clinical material during the year for the Public Health Department by the Pathological Laboratory at the Royal Infirmary:—

			From	Public		From	Private
		Hea	alth D	epartme	ent.	Practi	tioners.
			+			+	
Swabs			65	645	* * 1	20	184
Sputum			168	467		3	53
Pleural	Fluid	,	6	6		0	0
Urine			24	60	* * *	0	8
Blood			9	234		1	7
Fæces			0	22		0	2
Smears			2	29		7	44
Pus			0	2		0	2
Spleen			0	1		0	0
			274	1466		31	300
			174	.0		3	31

Details with regard to the examination of water, milk and food stuffs are given in other portions of this report.

CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES.

No changes have occurred during the year in connection with Clinic and Treatment Centres or with the Ambulance Services or Nursing in the Home.

HOSPITALS.

All available hospital accommodation in the Borough, with many additional beds added either in existing buildings or in hutments, is now scheduled for the reception of air raid casualties in case of need, but pending the admission of such casualties the hospitals are continuing their work as far as possible in peace time, arrangements being made for convalescent patients to be evacuated quickly in case of necessity.

INSTITUTIONAL PROVISION FOR THE CARE OF MENTAL DEFECTIVES.

Springwell House Public Assistance Institution normally provides 42 beds (20 male and 22 female) for the care of adult medium and low grade mental defectives. Two male Doncaster cases were being accommodated at the end of the year.

The following table shows the number of beds at St. Catherine's Institution allocated to Doncaster and occupied

at the end of 1941:—

Male Block Female Block

			7,10	016 D100.	IZ	1 611				
						High Grade			Totals	
Allocated	• •	۰.	16	4	8	23	5	6	62	
Occupied			22*	4	8	24†	2		60	
						}				

*Includes one patient on licence leave. †Includes one patient on licence leave.

NUMBER OF DEFECTIVES ON REGISTER AT END OF 1941.

	+01	. alle a			
			Males.	Females.	Total.
In Certified Institutions			41	27	68
In other Institutions			1	2	3
Under Guardianship			0	0	0
On licence			1	1	2
Under statutory supervisi	ion		40	52	92
				0.000-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0	
			83	82	165
				•	

NUMBER OF CASES IN INSTITUTIONS FOR WHOM THE LOCAL AUTHORITY WAS RESPONSIBLE AT THE END OF 1941.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Doncaster P.A. Institution	 2	0	2
Rampton State Institution	 3	0	3
Royal Albert Institution	 1	0	1
St. Catherine's Institution	 34	26	60
Stoke Park Colony	 1	1	2
	0.100/09/00/2013/0	MA-Ry-MD-MA-	escept, Philippine
	41	27	68
		COLUMN TO SERVICE SERV	

TABLE SHOWING AGES, SEX AND CLASSIFICATION OF DEFECTIVES AT END OF 1941.

AGES.	F. Total.	CLASSIFICATION. M. F. Total. Moral Defectives 5 2 7
Under 16 18	7 25	Moral Defectives 5 2 7
16 to 20 22	24 46	Feeble-minded persons 35 55 90
21 to 29 22	23 45	Imbeciles 35 20 55
30 and over 21		Idiots 8 5 13
83	82 165	83 82 165

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE SERVICE. ANTE-NATAL CARE.

The Ante-Natal Clinics have again been fully used during the year. Including the two Clinics held weekly at the Wood Street premises, there are three Clinics a week. Attendances have increased slightly on the 1940 figures and, in all, 749 expectant mothers attended these clinics during the year, representing 66.4% of the total notified births during the year.

	Wood	Alder	wneat	-
	Street.	Grove.	ley.	Total.
Number of sessions held	99	26	23	148
Number of cases attending in 1941	611	76	62	749
Total attendances	3248	475	366	4089
Average attendances per session	32	18	16	27

ANTE-NATAL RECORDS, 1941.

Distribution accord	ding t	to pari	ty:		
Primipara				361	
Multipara				366	749
Not pregnant				22	

AFTER HISTORIES OF CASES ATTENDING IN 1940 OR EARLY PART OF 1941.

Normal confinem Instrumental del Cæsarian section Breech delivery Twins	iveries 	• • •	456 9 7 9 4	C	
Induction of pren	nature lab	our		;; ;; ;;	toxæmia 2 cases nephritis 1 case hydramnios 1 case anencephaly. 1 case twins 1 case
Termination of p	regnancy	0 1 6	1	for	disseminated sclerosis
Ante-partum hæ	morrhage		12		
Stillbirths			18		
0			8		
			13		
Left district	• • • •		28		

MIDWIVES.

THE MUNICIPAL MIDWIFERY SERVICE.

This Service, which provides eight midwives, is continuing to prove its value to the community. It is pleasing to note that the provision of gas and air analgesia is gradually being more and more appreciated and that during 1941 35% of patients received this service.

The following work has been carried out by the Municipal Midwives during the year:—

No. of confinements attended as: Midwives Maternity Nurses	453 49
	502
No. of abnormalities or illnesses found:—	
at confinement	141
at ante-natal or post-natal visits in infants	164 19
No. of medical aid notes sent	214
No. of cases receiving gas and air analgesia	178
No. of abortions attended	22

These midwives also made 4,080 ante-natal and 472 post-natal visits.

GENERAL MIDWIFERY PROVISION.

In addition to the eight municipal midwives there were, at the end of the year, two midmives in independent practice, one of whom has a small maternity home. In addition to

the maternity home mentioned above, there is a Municipal Maternity Home and one other maternity home in the town, the latter, up till the end of the year, being chiefly used by the West Riding County Council for patients from the area around Doncaster. Sixteen midwives are employed in the various maternity homes, five of whom are at the Municipal Maternity Home.

The following number of cases have been attended dur-

ing the year:

			As	As	Materni	ty
			Midwive	S.	Nurses.	Total.
By midwives employed	by the	Coun	cil:			
Domiciliary cases			453		49	502
Institution cases			272		59	331
By midwives in private	practice) .				
Domiciliary cases			95		11	106
Institution cases			192		322	514
*			1010	**	4.4.1	1 459
<u> </u>			1012		441	1453
				44		

In addition, 261 abortions were attended; 21 cases in domiciliary practice and the remainder in institutions. Of these latter cases 46 were women residing in the Borough and 173 were women normally residing outside who were admitted to institutions in the Borough for treatment.

During the year Medical Aid has been summoned by midwives on 437 occasions. Of these requests for help 275 were sent by midwives in domiciliary practice and 162 by

midwives in institutional practice.

HAMILTON LODGE MATERNITY HOME.

Hamilton Lodge Maternity Home has continued to be fully occupied and owing to lack of facilities beds have again had to be found for patients in other institutions on 102 occasions—in 22 cases for "booked" patients and in 80 cases for those requiring emergency admission.

Statistics for 1941 for Hamilton Lodge are as follows:—

No. of maternity beds		14
No. of isolation beds		1
No. of individual cases admitted dur	ring	
1940		319
No. of confinements delivered by:—		
(a) Midwives		272
(b) Doctors		36
No. of forceps deliveries		11
No. of Cæsarian sections	6 0 0	8
No. of inductions of premature labour	r	5
No. of terminations of pregnancy	d * *	3

No. of cases of ante-partum hæmorrhage	2
No. of cases of retained placenta	3
No. of cases of notifiable puerperal	
pyrexia	7
No. of cases transferred to Infectious	
Diseases Hospital on account of rise	
in temperature	7
No. of cases in which Medical Aid was	
sought by a Midwife	154
No. of cases admitted for ante-natal	
treatment	9
No. of cases admitted for perineal repair	2
No. of cases of pemphigus neonatorum	
No. of cases of ophthalmia neonatorum	3
No. of infants not entirely breast-fed	6
No. of infants stillborn	10
No. of infants dying within 10 days of	
birth	6
No. of maternal deaths	nil.

SPRINGWELL HOUSE INFIRMARY.

The following are details of maternity cases admitted to this Institution during 1941:—
Maternity Block:

No. of maternity beds		 4
No. of maternity cases ad	mitted	 23
No. of maternal deaths		
No. of stillbirths	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 2
No. of infants dying with	in 10 days	
No. of infants not entirel	y breast-fed	 10

General Hospital Wards:

Twenty-eight maternity patients were admitted for the following reasons:—

Incomplete or threatened abortion ...

Ante-natal investigation

One these latter cases died. Death was due to pneumonia and heart disease following a termination of pregnancy.

24

EDENFIELD MATERNITY HOME.

Owing to inadequate facilities being available at Hamilton Lodge, arrangements had to be made with Edenfield Maternity Home for the admission of 102 cases during the year. Of these 22 had "booked" beds in Hamilton Lodge, but could not be admitted owing to all the beds in that Home being occupied. Of the remaining 80 cases, 61 were "emergency" and 19 were admitted for ante-natal treatment.

The emergency admissions were for the following reasons:—

	Abortions		• • •	22
	Delayed labour			6
	Contracted pelvis (trial labour			4
	", " (Cæsarian se	ection)		2
	Breech presentation	0 0 0		6
	Placenta prævia			3
	Ante-partum hæmorrhage	* * *		3
	Retained placenta		e e 0	5
	Premature induction of labour	0 0		2
	Termination of pregnancy	• • o		4
	Death of fœtus			1
	Ectopic pregnancy			2
	Carneous mole	•		1
'he	ante-natal cases were as follow	vs:		
	For external version			6
	Pyelitis of pregnancy			3
	Hyperemesis of pregnancy			1
	Toxemia of pregnancy			3
	Other conditions complicating	pregnai		6
	,	_	-	

PUERPERAL FEVER AND PUERPERAL PYREXIA.

During the year 20 notifications of puerperal pyrexia have been received, 2 being in respect of cases normally resident outside the Borough. Eighteen cases received treatment in the Isolation Hospital or in isolation wards attached to maternity homes.

CONSULTANT SERVICE.

Consultant obstetric work is carried out by Mr. D. R. L. Stevenson, and the following is a summary of the consultations and treatment given for the cases he has seen. Consultations:

Ante-Natal Cases.

T

No. of patients seen 124 These patients were seen on 174 occasions for advice or treatment.

Confinement Cases.

74 cases were attended for abnormalities occurring at the time of confinement or during the puerperium. These conditions were as follows:—

Trial labour	. 8	cases
Delayed or difficult labour, including	<u>ರ</u>	
forceps deliveries	. 17	,,
Cæsarian Sections	. 9	,,
Medical inductions of labour	. 5	"

Surgical induction o	f laboi	ar			1	,,
Repair of perineum					13	, ,
Ante-partum hæmor	rhage				5	, ,
Accidental hæmorrh	_			• • •	1	, ,
Placenta prævia					3	,,
Retained placenta					7	11
Ectopic gestation					2	5.2
Mastitis			* * *		2	,,
Paralytic ileus					1	2.3
•						. ,

39 of these cases had been seen in Ante-natal consultation.

Puerperal Pyrexia Cases.

Supervision was given in the treatment of 17 cases of puerperal pyrexia. 5 of these needed operative treatment.

Abortions.

21 cases of abortion were attended, 18 necessitating operative treatment.

Post-Natal Cases.

Eight cases were seen in consultation.

Special Cases.

Hysterectomy was necessary in the case of 7 patients with diseases complicating pregnancy, and sterilisation found to be necessary was carried out for two cases.

Appendicectomy had to be performed for one case

owing to appendicitis complicating pregnancy.

MATERNAL MORTALITY

Three maternal deaths have been allocated to the Borough but in one of these cases the woman was only a temporary resident.

The causes of death were as follows:—

Acute Yellow Atrophy.

Toxæmia of pregnancy, post partum hæmorrhage. Acute myocardial degeneration and eclampsia.

POST-NATAL CLINIC.

It is again gratifying to note a further increase in the use of the Post-Natal Clinic. The importance of this clinic in the prevention of future ill-health among women who have borne children cannot be over-estimated, a fact which has been remarked upon in my previous reports. During the year 243 women attended the clinic, 226

being new cases, making 304 attendances.

It is interesting to note that 23 women attended this clinic for advice regarding possible sterility.

CONCEPTION CONTROL CLINIC.

This Clinic is associated with the Post-Natal Clinic, and the patients are limited to married women who, for medical reasons, should avoid further pregnancies.

Advice is given and the necessary appliances are sold at

cost price to patients.

During the year 17 new cases attended and there was a total of 98 attendances—a considerable decrease on the previous year's figures.

CHILD WELFARE CENTRES.

The work of the Child Welfare Centres has continued steadily, and the percentage of notified live births attending the Welfares was 70.0%.

Once again the importance must be stressed of continued supervision throughout childhood, and also that, as the Welfares are intended for this work of preventive

medicine, treatment is reduced to a minimum.

Treatment for dental defects, orthopædic conditions, and diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, is arranged through the appropriate specialist staffed clinics already existing in the department, should the medical officers think it necessary.

The following are the statistics for the Centres during

the year:—

ine gear.	Wood	Alder			
No. of attendances:		. Grove.	Wheatle	y.	Total.
(1) By infants under					
one year of age	4098	2294	1601		8693
(2) By children aged	9.000	070	1.505		0157
1 to 5 years	3675	972	1527		6174
No. of children who first					
attended during 1941:					
(1) Infants	457	184	122		763
(2) Children aged	011	4.0	4.0		000
1 to 5 years	214	40	46		300
No. of sessions held	103	49	50		202
Average attendances per					
session (all children)	75	81	62		73
No. of consultations	3872	1506	1266		6644
Average number of con-					
sultations per session	37	30	25		32
Total number of chi	ildren	attending	during	the	year,
who, at the end of the ye	ear, we	re:			
(1) Infants under 1	year				563
(2) Children aged on					1066

by new infant admissions

70.0%

Percentage of notified live births represented

INFANT DEATHS AND STILLBIRTHS.

Details of the deaths of infants under the age of one year are shown on the following table. The total of 63 deaths represents a rate of 59.00 per 1,000 live births as against a rate of 50.00 for the previous year. The rate is within the average for the last ten years.

37 Stillbirths were allocated to the Borough for the year, giving a rate of 32.77 per 1,000 live and stillbirths and 0.50 per 1,000 population. This is a decrease on the figures for 1939.

INFANT MORTALITY.

Causes of Death.	Under 1 week.	1-2 weeks.	2—3 weeks.	3-4 weeks.	Total under 4 weeks.	4 weeks to 3 months.	3—6 months.	6—9 months.	9—12 months.	Total under 1 year.
Small Pox Chicken Pox Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Croup Erysipelas Influenza Tuberculous Meningitis Abdominal Tuberculosis Other Tuberculous	1 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0
Disease Meningitis (not Tubercular) Convulsions Laryngitis Bronchitis Pneumonia (all forms) Diarrhæa Enteritis Gastritis Gastro-Enteritis Syphilis Rickets Suffocation (overlaying) Injury at Birth Atelectasis Congenital	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 4	0 2 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 3 3 0 1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 4 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 2 3 0 3 16 1 3 0 2 0 0 0 1 4
Malformations Premature Birth Atrophy, Debility and Marasmus Icterus Neonatorum Pemphigus Neonatorum Other Causes	1 ()	0 3 0 0 0	0 1 0 0 0	0 1 0 0 0 0	2 15 1 0 0 0	1 1 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 2	3 16 2 0 0 4
Totals	21	3	3	2	29	10	11	9	4	63

SUPPLY OF MILK AND FOOD.

Dried milk, cod liver oil and malt, etc., is supplied at cost price, limited to those expectant and nursing mothers and children under five years of age who are attending regularly at the various centres. In addition, the centres act as distribution posts for the cod liver oil and fruit juices supplied through the Government scheme. These articles can also be obtained at the Food Office and at two of the First Aid Posts.

During the year, 13,344 lbs. of Dried Milk were sold through the Centres.

HEALTH VISITING.

The Health Visiting work for the Borough is carried out as before by eight Health Visitors, who are under the supervision of a Chief Health Visitor. The Health Visitors also act as School Nurses and Tuberculosis Nurses.

Details of the visits made during 1941 are given below:—

Expectant Mothers First v	isits	 519
Total		 806
Infants First v	isits	 1132
Total v	risits	 5916
Children (ages 1 to 5 years)		 9572
Pneumonia		 55
Measles		 49
Whooping Cough		 142
Chicken Pox		 30
Special visits and enquiries		 1439
Tuberculosis		 893
Total visits to Homes		 18902

These visits show an increase of over 4,200 on the pre-

vious year's figures.

In addition, the Health Visitors paid 1,688 visits in their capacity of School Nurses, and also made the following number of half-day "session" attendances at the Welfares and Clinics:—

Infant Welfare Centres 57	_
Ante-Natal Centres 14	6
Tuberculosis Dispensary 18	1
Minor Ailments Clinics 320	0
Orthopædic Clinics 2	6
Examination of School Entrants 30	8
Head Inspections at Schools 153	2
Refraction Clinics 6	7
Ultra Violet Light Clinics 2	4
Women's Clinics 2	7

1823

INFANT LIFE PROTECTION.

A list of the children notified under the Act is kept at the Public Health Offices. All these children are visited frequently by the Health Visitors in the course of their normal duties.

There were eight children on the Register at the end of the year.

ORTHOPÆDIC TREATMENT.

This Clinic is held twice a month at the Wood Street premises under the care of a visiting Orthopædic Surgeon. It is a combined clinic for children, both of school age and

below school age.

Children requiring hospital treatment are referred to special hospitals, many, chiefly cases of rickets, are referred to the Nursery Class at the Open Air School, and others receive ultra-violet light treatment and massage, if necessary, in the Ultra Violet Light Clinic.

During the year 92 new cases of children below school age attended the clinic, and new and old cases made 346

attendances.

The orthopædic defects found among new cases attending were as follows:—

Rickets and	associa	ted	defects	 	58
Talipes			• • •	 	5
Torticollis				 	7
Various defo	ormities	or	defects		22

NURSERY CLASS.

The Nursery Class at the Open Air School provides places for 30 delicate and crippled children who are under school age and has continued its useful work under the care of the Nursery Instructress and her assistant.

Once again, the majority of the cases admitted have been children suffering from minor degrees of rickets and

its associated defects.

SUMMARY OF CASES.

DUMINIAR I OF CASE.	Э.		
Admissions:			
Rickets and associated defects	0 3 6		18
Congenital deformity			1
Scoliosis			1
Infantile Paralysis			1
Discharges.			
Transferred to Open Air School			9
Cured	0 2 2	6 10 10	6
Left District			1
Improved		0 0 0	1

23

ULTRA VIOLET LIGHT.

The Ultra Violet Light Department has continued steadily throughout the year. The clinic is used for the treatment of nursing and expectant mothers, infants, children below school age, and for cases of tuberculosis.

Mothers made 986 attendances and 'children below

school age 6,849 during 1941.

DISEASES OF THE EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

This clinic had to be discontinued on the outbreak of the war, and cases are now treated at the Minor Ailment Clinic.

Operative treatment was undertaken for Tonsils and Adenoids in 8 cases.

ERRORS OF REFRACTION.

During the year 66 children below school age attended the refraction clinics. The conditions found were as follows:—

oia				36
mati	sm			9
				21
				-
	Tota	al		66
		matism 	matism	matism

Of these, 42 cases were children with signs of commencing squints and 4 children were referred for operation for this defect.

DENTAL TREATMENT.

The facilities offered for the dental treatment of expectant and nursing mothers and for children under school age had to be curtailed during the year owing to staff shortage, but these difficulties have now been overcome and the original scheme has been reinstituted.

These facilities are only available to those women and children who are in attendance at the ante-natal or infant

welfare centres.

Dentures are supplied to expectant and nursing mothers at cost price providing they are obtained within a year of the date of the last confinement.

309 children and 65 mothers completed treatment during the year, making 404 and 532 attendances respectively, and 56 dentures were supplied to the latter.

MINOR AILMENTS.

Arrangements are made for young children suffering from minor ailments, such as impetigo, to be treated together with children of school age at the minor ailments clinic. The majority of children suffering from these defects are, however, referred to their own doctors for treatment.

NURSING HOMES REGISTRATION ACT, 1927.

Supervision has been continued as in previous years. No unregistered homes have come to the notice of the department.

At the end of the year there were five homes registered, giving accommodation for 57 maternity beds and 44 beds for

other cases.

Section 3.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

WATER SUPPLY.

No changes have occurred in the services of the public water supply in the Borough, the origin and quantities obtained from each source being the same as stated in my previous reports.

The purity of the water is controlled by chemical and bacteriological examination, 26 samples having been submitted during the year by the Public Health Department in

addition to those submitted by the Water Engineer.

Of the 26 samples, 1 was for chemical analysis and was satisfactory, and 25 were for bacteriological examination. All were satisfactory.

CLOSET ACCOMMODATION.

There are comparatively few privies and pail closets remaining, and most of these are to be found on the outskirts or low-lying parts of the town.

At the end of 1941 there were approximately 72 houses remaining which were provided with privies and 26 houses

provided with pail closets.

SCAVENGING.

Dry refuse was collected by motor vehicles, and refuse from privies and pail closets was collected at night in a covered motor vehicle.

Of the 10,881 loads of refuse collected, 9,894 were disposed of at the Destructor, and 987 tipped on land at the

Air Port.

The Refuse Destructor and Salvage plant has been worked normally. The quantity of refuse dealt with was less than last year. Details of the materials salved are shewn later in this report.

SANITARY INSPECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1941.

Complaints received	and dealt with		502
	nces		12401
Preliminary notices i	ssued (written and verbal)		1381
			151
Notices complied wit	h		1395
Notices not complied	l with or only partly compl	ied	
_ with			137
	ken		Nil
	d defects remedied		1777
Comprising as foll			000
Ashbins provided	d		623
Ashpits provided	with new doors		1
	of manure and other ref		99
removed			23
	out, re-laid, repaired or	re-	100
trapped		 J. d.	180
	chambers repaired or provide		10
	lew covers		10
	n shafts and soil pipes clear		5
	d repaired		16
_	eaned out chambers provided	• • •	10
	roofs repaired		136
	-11 - 1		52
	stairs repaired	• • •	$\frac{32}{2}$
	ceilings repaired		$1\overline{2}$
_	floors repaired		10
do.	doors renewed or repaired		2
do.	chimneys repaired		$\frac{2}{22}$
do.	fireplaces and ranges repair	-	
40.	or renewed	100	52
do.	dangerous walls re-built	• • •	1
do.	windows repaired or sas	hes	·\$.
	re-corded	71100	58
do.	coppers repaired or renewed	3	18
do.	new eaves gutters or fall pi		
	provided	.1.	43
do.	eaves gutters or fall pi	pes	-
	cleaned out and repaired		45
do.	new doorstep provided		1
do.	rooms and stairs cleansed		18
do.	overcrowding cases dealt w		
do.	dirty bedding cleansed		4 5
do.	new cellar grates provided		1

water closets, cisterns repaired or ren			57
do. provided with new pans			41
do. repaired			46
do. new seats provided			7
do. service pipes to cisterns			99
Urinals cleansed	•	· Ca	1
		• • •	$1\overline{3}$
Sinks renewed		٠٠٠	10
Sinks and baths, new waste pipes p		ea,	20
*	• • •	• • •	29
Lavatory basins renewed			1
Urinals provided with a water supply			1 1
do. repaired			1
Yard pavings repaired or renewed			11
Yards and passages cleansed			16
Water supply, service pipes repaired		• • •	$\frac{1}{24}$
do. waste prevented		• • •	$\frac{21}{23}$
			3
do. new taps provided		1	9
do. new hot water cylinders		iea	-4
for repaired			1
do. new service pipes fixed			7
do. stop-tap boxes repaired			7
Nuisances from/keeping of animals aba	ted		5
Nuisances abated from burning of rubb			2
Water removed from cellars	1011	• • •	$2\overline{1}$
	• • •	• • •	8
	• • •		1
Sewer ventilation pipes repaired		• • •	
Offensive wet refuse in ashbins abated		• • •	4
			6
Dangerous buildings dealt with			1
INFECTIOUS DISEASES.			
			W 0.0
Inspections made			733
Visits re isolated cases			15
Visits re infectious disease contacts			7
Rooms disinfected (including verminous	s house	es)	446
Articles of bedding, clothing, etc., disin		,	12036
Library books disinfected			188
Articles of bedding, clothing, etc., destr			60
			50
Notices sent to Public Library			
Notices sent to Schools	• • •	• • •	1114
FOOD AND DRUGS.		,	
Number of complex taken			147
Number of samples taken			141
Comprising as follows:—			
			F7 F
New Milk			75
Bottled Milk (Tuberculin Tested)			1
Bottled Milk (Pasteurised)			5
Bottled Milk (Sterilized)			1

	Margarine						5	
	Lard						3	
	Butter						3	
	Sugar			• • •			2	
	Lem-Lem						2	ı
	Egg Substi	itute P	owder				4	-
	Milk Subs						1	
	Custard Po	owder					2	
	Rice						5)
	Coffee						7	7
	Cocoa						4	-
	Ground Gi						4	Ł
	Baking Po						6	
	Ground Ri						1	
	Pepper						4	L
	Vinegar					• • •	2	
	Coffee and				• • •		1	
	Polony			• • •	• • •	• • •	1	
	Black Pud	ding	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	
	Sage and	Onion	("Stuf	 fo")	• • •	• • •	1	
	Onion Ext		(Dtu		1 0 1	• • •	2)
	C		• • •		• • •	• • •		2
	Gregory F	 Owder		• • •		• • •		,
Mur	nber of sa			 Kille n	onorto	d to	ho	٢
nui	adulterated					u to	be)
Mur								7
	nber of oth				ea not	genui)
Muz	al proceedi	ings in	Siliule	u	• • •	• • •		
	nber of cau			Mana	onino	Dool.	5)
nui	nber of			_	arine		16)
NI	Registered	 W/lo c 1		 1\1\cons		 Daala	12	_
nur	nber of	vv note	esare	marga	arine	Deale	ers	7
	premises I	registe	rea				17	1

No.	Article.	Adulteration or Offence.	Action taken and Remarks.
56	New Milk	Contained 9.1% of added water	Vendor prosecuted. Case dismissed under Probation of Offenders Act on payment of costs, 17/4d.
72	New Milk	Deficint in milk fat to the extent of 5.3% and slightly deficient in milk-solids.	Farmer cautioned by Town Clerk
81	New Milk	Slightly deficient in milk-fat	Vendor cautioned by Town Clerk
82	New Milk	Deficint in milk fat to the extent of 21%	Vendor cautioned by Town Clerk
93	New Milk	Deficient in milk-fat to the extent of 10%	Vendor cautioned by Town Clerk
94	New Milk	Contained 5% of added water	Place of delivery sample was taken (see No. 819 W.R.C.C.)
103	Sausages	Had a meat content of 26.4% instead of a minimum of 30% under the sausages (Maximum Prices) Order, 1941	"Informal" Sample. Formal sample taken later which was genuine
819 W.R. C.C.	New Milk	Contained 10.3% of added water	Farmer prosecuted. Case dismissed under Probation of Offenders Act on payment of costs, £5/3/2d.
158	New Milk	Contained 3% of added water	"Informal" Sample. Further sample taken see No. 166
166	New Milk	Contained 3.2% of added water	Farmer cautioned by Town Clerk

NOTE:—The following was the average per cent. of milk-fat and solids-not-fat, of the 82 samples of milk taken, viz.:—

Milk-fat 3.63%Solids-not-fat 8.70% SAMPLES TAKEN FOR BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION. Tuberculin Tested Milk 14 Pasteurised Milk 26 Accredited Milk 8 . . . 144 Undesignated Milk SLAUGHTER HOUSES, MARKETS AND SHOPS. Public Slaughter House 1 Private Slaughter House 2 SLAUGHTER HOUSES, MARKETS AND SHOPS. Public Slaughter House 1 2 Private Slaughter House

Slaughtermen's Ne do. Li Inspections of Sla	icenses	renewed		 ts and	2 43
Shops			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2188
Animals killed at	Public S	Slaughter	chouse.		39405
CARCASES INSPECT	SLAUC				THE
	Cattle excluding		S	hoon and	
6	Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	heep and Lambs.	Pigs.
Number killed	6,420	1,544	1,480		3,606
Number inspected	6,420	1,544	1,480	26,355	3,606
All diseases except Tuberculosis: Whole carcases					
condemned Carcases of which	8	16	11	46	12
some part or organ was condemned	479	317	15	`258	694
Percentage of the number inspected, affected with disease other than			70	200	0,7,1
tuberculosis	7,58%	21.56%	1.75%	1.15%	19.57%
Tuberculosis only: Whole carcases	25	1.1.1	1.0		7
condemned Carcases of which	37	111	13		1
was condemned Percentage of the number inspected	908	625	10	1	318
affected with tuberculosis	14.72%	47.66%	1.55%	.00037%	9.01%
FOOD CONDEMNED	AT S	HOPS A	ND W	AREHO	USES.
	Ilbs. 6oz.	Haddock			14 lbs.
Chickens Bacon	44 603½ lbs. 1388	Fish Pas Other Ti Rabbits	nned Foo		28 lbs.
Onions	9 lbs.	Tinned	 Rabbit	l	62 35 lbs.
Rice Buns and Cakes	22 lbs. 436	Eggs Liquid E		48	71 30 lbs.
Chicken, Ham and Tongue Roll	36 lbs.	Butter	lggs		5 lbs. 47½ lbs.
Ham and Tongue Galantine	64½ lbs.	Biscuits Pressed	veal		20 lbs. 22½ lbs.
Tinned Turkey Pork Luncheon Meat	$13\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. 12 lbs.	Sausages Meat Pie			220 lbs. 283
Custard Pudding	$2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ lbs.	Gravy F	owder .	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10 oz.
Puff Pastry Polony	535 lbs. 2½ lbs.	Custard Brawn	-		7 pkts. 11 ³ lbs.
Skate	70 lbs.	Self Rais	sing Flou	ır	11 lbs.
Herrings	$11\frac{3}{4}$ cwts.	Kippers Cat Fish	1		10 lbs. 56 lbs.
Cod	279 lbs. 29 ³ lbs.	Whitings Cod Roes			88 lbs. 38½ lbs.
Lemon Sole Fillets Plaice Fillets	56 lbs. 112 lbs.		Haddock	•••	24 lbs.

PUBLIC HEALTH (MEAT) R	EGUL	ATIOI	VS.		
Number of contraventions	S				4
Notices given					4
do. complied with		* * *			4
Nature of contravention:—					
Dirty refrigerators					1
Dirty rooms					4
Dirty yards	• • •		• • •		1
Dirty Sausage Machines Accumulation of refuse					1
Accumulation of fefuse	• • •	- • •	• • •		1
OFFENSIVE TRADES.					
Number on Register					7
NTI C T				• • •	179
Notices re contraventions a					1
*					
Work done to remedy com	plaints	s:			
Accumulation of offensiv	e refu	se rem	noved		1
	٠				
FRIED FISHSHOPS.					
					55
Number of inspections			• • •		339
COWKEEPERS AND MILK P	'URVE	YORS			
Number of Register:—		_			
Cowkeepers and whole					6
Cowkeepers and retail					5
Average number of dairy c					120
Milk Purveyors only		 1	 :+~J]\/	 311-	79 2
No. of persons licensed to de					4
No. of persons licensed to Milk				seu	5
No. of persons licensed to				lin	J
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					3
NOTE: In addition to the					
number of shopkee					
"sealed" bottles, as	_				
sale firms.	, perpp		.)		
The state of the s					275
Written Notices	• • •				3
Verbal Notices		• • •	• • •	• • •	8
Work done to remedy com	plaints	S:			
Dirty cowsheds cleanse					8
Dairies cleansed				• • •	1
Cowsheds repaired					1
Accumulation of manu	are rer	noved	1 1 1	1 1 1	1

CANAL BOATS.

Number on Register	 	 132
Number of Inspections	 	 19
Persons on board (adults)	 	 31
Persons on board (children)	 	 nil
Contraventions found	 	 nil

LODGING HOUSES.

Dama mooble.				
Number on Register at beginning	of year	ar		4
Removed from Register				nil
Added to Register			• • •	nil
On Register at end of year				4
Number of inspections				175
Written Notices				2
Verbal Notices				1
Contraventions or defects found			• • •	5
Work done to remedy complaints	:			
Walls and ceilings cleansed				2
New W.C. pans provided				1
Waterclosets and urinals cle	ansed			1
Watercloset and urinal service	pipes	repair	ed	1
	A L			

SCAVENGING.

Privy middens, pail closets and chemical clos-	ets	
emptied	• • •	3221
Sanitary bins and boxes emptied	V	veekly
Loads removed—Dry ashes and house refuse		
Loads removed—Trade refuse		203

DISPOSAL OF REFUSE.

The refuse collected was disposal of as follows:—

49 loads of Nightsoil at the Destructor. 9642 loads of Dry Ashes and House Refuse at the Destructor.

987 loads of Dry Ashes and House Refuse at the Aerodrome Tip.

203 loads of Trade Refuse at the Destructor.

The Destructor Works is supervised by the Borough Surveyor and I am indebted to him for the following information, viz.:—

,	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Nightsoil dealt with	87	1	2
Dry Ashes and House			
Řefuse dealt with	17337	10	0
Trade Refuse dealt			
with	1180	10	1

SALVAGE.

In addition to the salvage collected from households by the Refuse Collection Staff, a scheme (commenced on the 19th July, 1940) for scholars to collect salvage comprising waste paper and cardboard, tins and other metals, aluminium, bottles, etc., and during the year 1941, the following was collected and removed, viz.:—

	Tons	. Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Paper and Cardboard .	58	15	0	0
Tins and other metals.	32	5	0	0
Aluminium			-	2
Glass bottles and jars.		7'	712	

The following figures shew the total quantity of materials collected or salvaged at the Destructor Works in 1941:—

1		Tons.	Cwts.	Qrs.
Tinned Scrap		542	6	1
Miscellaneous				
Iron Sci	rap	274	17	3
Brass		-	12	0
Aluminium			8	0
Lead			2	3
Zinc			3	-
Waste Paper		394	4	2
Bottles and Jars		5	1	— (85 gross)
Bones		15		2
Flue Dust		6	17	
Rags		6	7	
Kitchen Waste		79	5	3

The above does not include waste paper, metals, rags, etc., which are collected and disposed of by dealers in the district.

HOUSING ACTS AND REGULATIONS.

Number of dwellinghouses in	spected and
recorded under the Regulation	s 113
Number with defects	22
Number without defects	91
Houses measured	5

SANITARY ACCOMMODATION (approximate).
Dwellinghouses and other premises provided
with privies and ashpits 72
Dwellinghouses and other premises provided
with pail closets 26 *Dwellinghouses and other premises provided
with water closets and fixed ashpits 112
Dwellinghouses and other premises provided with water closets and sanitary dustbins or
other moveable receptacles 20716
*There are a number of houses with fixed dry
ashpits which are not used, the tenants hav- ing been provided with sanitary dustbins.
PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT.
Firms registered 40 Premises registered 69
Deputies registered 109
Inspections of newly registered premises 7
RATS AND MICE DESTRUCTION ACT.
During the year, complaints were received from the
occupiers of 90 premises respecting rat infestation.
Investigations were made in all the cases and advice given, also, where necessary, bait was supplied. The number of
visits and re-visits were 357 and 5,306 bait was given or put
down. A supply of rat bait is kept at the Public Health Office,
Wood Street, and can be obtained on request by owners or
occupiers of infested premises. The Estates Surveyor's Department employs a rat
catcher on property it controls, and occasionally he is per-
mitted, on payment to that Department, to do work for owners or occupiers of private property.
owners or occupiers or private property.
MISCELLANEOUS.
Inspection of School Sanitary Conveniences 60
Inspection of common yards and passages 95 Inspection of Urinals and Public Lavatories 1057
Inspection of Urinals and Public Lavatories 1057 Inspection of caravans 49
Inspection of places of entertainment 9
Drains tested
Superintendence of fumigation 22
Samples of water (town supply) taken for examination 1
Samples of water (town supply) taken for
bacteriological examination 25
.54

Samples of well water taken for examin	ation	١	2
Samples of water (Public Baths) ta			
bacteriological examination			27
Inspections of Air Raid Shelters	• • •		4195
Attendance at cemeteries to witness	re-in	ter-	
		• • •	1
			70
±			30
±			14
			22
Miscellaneous inspections and visits			194
	ter.		

H. INNOCENT, Cert.R.San.Inst., Chief Sanitary Inspector.

SWIMMING BATHS.

The method of purification is by chlorination, and a check on its efficiency is made by taking bacteriological samples at intervals.

Samples of the water have been taken for bacteriological examination on nine occasions and a satisfactory standard

has been maintained.;

ERADICATION OF BED BUGS.

A number of requests have been made for the fumigation of verminous houses from private owners, to whom a charge is made for the work done. The work is carried out by the staff of the Public Health Department, under the supervision of a Sanitary Inspector, who ascertains that it has been satisfactorly performed. At the time of fumigation, the tenants are given instructions as to the measures to be taken by them to prevent re-infestation.

The fumigant employed in "Cimex." Certain of the Council houses have been disinfested by a spray process

using "Shelltox."

The work carried out during the year is shown in the following table:—

No. of Council houses found to be infested	3
No. of Council houses disinfested by the Local	
Authority	3
No. of other houses and premises found to be	
infested	24
No. of other houses and premises disinfested	
by the Local Authority	24

SCHOOLS.

The sanitary condition of the public elementary schools is kept under regular supervision by the sanitary inspectors and the health visitors.

Section 4.

HOUSING.

The number of new houses erected in the Borough ing the year were:—	dur-
(1) By the Local Authority Nil	
(2) By private enterprise Nil	
The total number of inhabited houses at the end of year, according to the rate books, was 20,815.	f the
··	
1. INSPECTION OF DWELLINGHOUSES DURING YEAR.	THE
(1) (a) Total number of dwellinghouses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	1454
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	4827
(2) (a) Number of dwellinghouses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and 1932	113
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	159
(3) Number of dwellinghouses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	Nil
(4) Number of dwellinghouses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	*1363
*Included in this figure is a number having only defects.	ninor
2. REMEDY OF DEFECTS DURING THE YEAR WOUT SERVICE OF FORMAL NOTICES:—	/ITH-
Number of defective dwellinghouses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local	
Authority or their Officers	1230

3.	DURING THE YEAR.	
(a)	Proceedings under sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936:—	
	 (1) Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs (2) Number of dwellinghouses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:— 	Nil
(1.)	(a) By owners (b) By Local Authority in default of owners	Nil Nil
(a)	Proceedings under Public Health Acts:— (1) Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects	1.51
	to be remedied	151
	(b) By owners (b) By Local Authority in default of owners	138 Nil
(c)	Proceedings under sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:— (1) Number of dwellinghouses in respect of	ה. די ז
	which Demolition Orders were made (2) Number of dwellinghouses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	Nil Nil
(d)	Proceedings under section 12 of the Housing Act:— (1) Number of separate tenements or under-	
	ground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made (2) Number of separate tenements or under- ground rooms in respect of which Closing	Nil
	Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	Nil
	OVERCROWDING.	
ma	The figures connected with overcrowding can be rised as follows:—	sum-
(a)	 (1) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year (2) Number of families dwelling therein 	19 24
(b)	(3) Number of persons dwelling therein Number of new cases of overcrowding reported	170
(c)	during the year (1) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	9 5

	(2)	Number of cases relieved in dwellings owned	
		by Local Authority	Nil
(d)	(1)	Number of cases of dwellings in which over-	
		crowding took place after previous over-	
		crowding had been relieved by the Local	
		Authority	Nil
	(2)	Number of cases of dwellings, previously un-	
		crowded, allowed to become overcrowded	
		after the appointed day	Nil
	(3)	Number of cases of refusal to accept alter-	
		native accommodation	Nil

Section 5.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

MILK.

During the year the following milk samples have been examined:—

Tuberculin Tested Milk.

Fourteen samples have been examined and one failed to satisfy the prescribed tests. The Authority for the district in which the producer's premises are situated was notified.

Accredited Milk.

Eight samples have been examined, and all satisfied the prescribed tests.

Pasteurised Milk.

Twenty-six samples have been taken and sixteen failed to satisfy the plate-count test. The majority of these unsatisfactory samples were in connection with an investigation of one special supply. The managers of the firms concerned were communicated with, and further samples taken were found to be satisfactory.

Undesignated Milk.

Fifty-two samples have been examined for the methylene blue test and twenty-two failed to satisfy the test. These twenty-two were later submitted to a plate count and B.Coli test. Ninety-two samples have been taken for plate count and B.Coli and thirty-nine failed to satisfy this test. With respect to these thirty-nine, letters of caution were sent to the retailers, and the various Authorities for the districts in which the producers' premises were situated were also notified.

Thirty-nine samples of Undesignated Milk were examined for tubercle bacilli and all were found to be negative.

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

Details of action taken with regard to meat and other foods and adulteration of food are given in the Sanitary Inspector's report.

Chemical examinations are carried out by Mr. J. Evans,

the Public Analyst at Sheffield.

Bacteriological examinations are performed by Dr. P. Milligan at the Pathological Laboratory of the Doncaster Royal Infirmary.

NUTRITION.

The teaching and dissemination of knowledge of nutrition has again been carried out chiefly through the Maternity and Child Welfare Department, where the question has again received careful attention throughout the year.

HEALTH PROPAGANDA.

The main health propaganda is carried out through the interviewing of those attending the various clinics and by the visits of Inspectors and Health Visitors to the homes of

the people.

In addition, 1,000 copies of "Better Health" are distributed monthly, and two sets of poster boards are in use for displaying posters provided by the Central Council for Health Education.

Section 6.

INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

SCARLET FEVER.

Scarlet Fever was much less prevalent than in the pre-

vious year, and 90 cases were notified.

Including 12 cases from outside the Borough, 99 cases were admitted to the Isolation Hospital with a provisional diagnosis of Scarlet Fever. In one case the diagnosis was altered to Measles, and in one to Scabies. Scarlet Fever was also diagnosed as the actual disease in one case admitted with the diagnosis of puerperal pyrexia. 8 cases of severe tonsillitis were also admitted to the Hospital and 12 cases admitted as possible diphtheria were diagnosed as tonsillitis.

DIPHTHERIA.

The number of cases of Diphtheria has again been less than in the previous year. In all 31 cases were notified. No separate focus of the disease could be detected and cases were more or less evenly distributed throughout the town.

During the year, including 1 case living outside the Borough, 45 cases were admitted to the Isolation Hospital with a provisional diagnosis of Diphtheria. In 12 cases the diagnosis was altered later to Tonsillitis and in one case to that of a diphtheria carrier. One diphtheria carrier was also admitted.

Two deaths from Diphtheria occurred in the Hospital.

IMMUNISATION AGAINST DIPHTHERIA.

As stated in my last report, an opportunity had been taken towards the end of 1940 to recommence the system of holding sessions for diphtheria immunisation in various schools in addition to the weekly clinic held at Wood Street. Facilities were also made available for immunisation to be carried out at the various Infant Welfare Clinic sessions in an endeavour more adequately to reach the children below school age. By the end of the year special immunisation sessions had been held in all the Infants' Schools and in approximately half of the Junior Schools and very good responses were obtained to offers of immunisation. It is now proposed to offer immunisation regularly each year at special sessions to new admissions to Infant Schools on the occasion of the routine medical inspection.

The total number of children immunised during the year amounted to 2,966, bringing the total immunised since 1934

to approximately 6,200.

IMMUNISATION AGAINST DIPHTHERIA, 1941.

PrimarySchickTest		9vitsg9N %	25	28.6	42.6	25	39
Schi	ult	Negative		ତୀ	35	23	37
nary	Result	Positive	ಣ	5	43	9	57
Prin		No. Tested	4	1-	75	∞	94
id	est	evitageN %	100	•	•		
Toxoid	Results of Final Schick Test	Negative		0	0	0	
	Re of Sch	* svitizoq	0	0	0	0	0
Precipitated		No. Final Schick Tested		0	0	0	H
Prec		No. of Reactions	ಣ	41	0	0	44
Alum .	asın	No. completing Immunisation Co	79	336	0	0	415
Al	asın	No commencing O noitsainnmml	84	342	0	0	426
eß	of Test	9vitsg9N %	96	92	95	100	94
Floccules	Results of Final Schick Test	Negative	197	299	152	4	652
	Reg J Sch	Positive	O	25	∞	0	42
Toxoid Antitoxin		No. Final Schick Tested	506	324	160	4	694
Anti		No. of Reactions	∞	48	22		79
oid .	əsan	No. completing Immunisation Co	616	1270	646	1.9	2551
Tox	nrse	No. commencing Immunisation Co	635	1295 1270	199	21	2609 2551
			* 2 *	•	•	:	•
		d.D	0 0 0	•	0 0 4	over	Totals
		ROI	S	S	rs S		
		AGE GROUP	years	years	years	years and	
		AC ,	4	6	-14		
	-		0	۲۵	10-	15	

RESULTS OF POST SCHICK TESTING CARRIED OUT 'IN 1941 UPON CHILDREN WHO COMPLETED IMMUNISATION IN 1940.

Age Group	No. Post Schick Tested	Positive	Negative	% Negative
0— 4 years	20	1	19	95
5 9 ,,	122	10	112	92
10-14 ,,	17	0	17	100
15 and over	0	0	0	0
Totals	159	11	148	93

CEREBRO SPINAL MENINGITIS.

29 cases of Cerebro Spinal Meningitis were notified during the year. The incidence of this disease has again increased over previous years' figures, but cases have only occurred sporadically in this area. The disease was responsible for five deaths, two being infants.

ENTERIC FEVER.

3 cases of suspected typhoid and 3 cases of para-typhoid fever were notified during the year. All were admitted to the Isolation Hospital for treatment when the diagnosis was altered to enteritis in respect of two of the cases of suspected typhoid and in one of the cases diagnosed as paratyphoid.

SMALL POX.

No cases of Small Pox were notified during the year.

VACCINATION.

The Vaccination Officer has supplied the following information with regard to the vaccination work done during 1941:—

No. of Births	1478
No. of successful vaccinations	231
No. of certificates of insusceptibility	1
No. of Statutory Declarations of Con-	
scientious Objections	668
No. who died unvaccinated ·	125
No. postponed by medical certificates	3
No. removed to other districts	247
No. not found and in abeyance	294
Percentage successfully vaccinated	15.63

No vaccinations have been performed by the Medical Officer of Health.

ERYSIPELAS

7 cases of Erysipelas were notified, five of whom received treatment in the Isolation Hospital. All cases recovered satisfactorily.

PNEUMONIA.

During the year 48 cases of acute primary pneumonia were notified. In eleven cases the patient was under two years of age.

PUERPERAL FEVER AND PUERPERAL PYREXIA.

20 cases of Puerperal Pyrexia were notified in 1941. Having regard to those cases normally residing within the Borough, the case rates per 1,000 live and still births are as follows:—

England Doncaster. and Wales.

Puerperal Pyrexia (18 cases) ... 15.85 11.91

MEASLES AND WHOOPING COUGH.

Measles was fairly prevalent during the first eight months of the year, but during the last four months only 4 cases were notified. In all 303 cases were notified as compared with 1,233 in 1940.

9 cases were admitted to the Infectious Diseases Hospital

for treatment.

Whooping Cough notifications were more than in 1940, 299 cases being notified as against 126 in the previous year.

12 cases were admitted to the Infectious Diseases Hospital.

The disease was primarily responsible for 5 deaths.

SCABIES.

Scabies continued to be very prevalent and caused continual worry, chiefly on account of the difficulty in tracing and treating contacts. The coming into force of the Scabies Order, 1941, at the end of October, giving powers of inspection of infected premises and of contacts and the power to enforce treatment has, however, helped considerably.

Early in the year arrangements had been made for cases of scabies to be treated by the benzyl benzoate method at one of the public Gas Cleansing Centres, and this provision has now been extended to three such centres, the treatment being carried out by the staffs of the associated

First Aid Posts.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES HOSPITAL AND SANATORIUM ADMITTANCES AND DISCHARGES, 1941.

	Observation		•	70	70	•	•
	Peritonitis		•	Н	П	•	•
	Tuberculosis		17	92	62	00	23
	Simlahthd Meonatoram		•	Н			•
	Mammary Abscess		:	7			•
	Septic Abortion					•	•
	Puerperal Pyrexia		•	16	15	•	-
	Catarrhal Jaundice		•	-	\dashv		
	Scabies	4			\vdash	•	•
	Impetigo			Ç1	्रा	•	•
	Cellulitis		•	7	Н	•	•
	Erysipelas		•	50	70	• *	•
sion.	Dysentry		•	-	П	•	•
on Admission.	Para-typhoid Fever			23	07		•
n A	Suspected Typhoid		:	2	2	•	
1	Contacts of Mumps		:	27	22	•	•
Diagnosis	sdmuM	**************************************	:	ಣ	က	•	•
Di	Broncho-pneumonia		•	7			•
	Pneumonia		•	ಖ	ന		*
	Сһіскеп-рох			ಣ	5	•	-
	Cerebro Spinal Fever		:	16	14	67	*
	Cerebro Spinal Fever & Whooping Cough		:	-	 1	•	*
	Whooping Cough			12	10	C1	-
	КиреШа		•	-	-	•	•
	Measles		67	ဘ	-	•	•
	ronzilitismoT		က	9	∞	•	
	Diptheria " Carrier"		:	=		6 0	•
	Diphtheria		13	48	54	67	. vo
	Scarlet Fever		10	94	92	•	∞
	No. of Cases.	In Hospital on	1st Jan., 1941	Admitted during 1941	Discharged during 1941	Died during 1941	In Hospital on 31st, Dec., 1941
	45	-				-	a mark resident and

NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

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	ŵ	co	35 45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<u></u>						
ŵ	Years.	2	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						
DEATHS.			15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						
1	70	5	10	0	0	ા	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	<					
TOTAL	ages		6-4	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	,	0	0	0						
TO	At		3-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<					
			2-3	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0						
			1-2	0	0	0	œ ·	0	0		0	0	0	0						
		\vdash	J yr.	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	23	0	0	0						
	At		z z z z z z	0	0	61	0	0	0	36	70	0	0	0	-					
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	ears.	1 1	69	0	0	-	0	0	0	12	-	0	0	C 1	F					
		1	45	0			0	0	4	5	50	0	0	-	<u> </u>					
ED.		Years.	ears.	sars.	sars.	sars.	1	35	0	4	2/1	-	62	13	2	2	0	0	្នា	
NOTIFIED.	Y	l i	720	0	C	22	0	-	ಣ	¢1	ಕಾ	0	0		· · ·					
LON		10	GT	0	113	<u></u>	0	0	0	0		0	0	0						
ES	,		07	0	97	13	0	0	0	9	গ	0	0	0						
CASES	es		44-5	0	10	ೲ	0	0	0	ତୀ 	0	0	0	0						
	At ages		33-4	0	∞		0	0	0		÷0	0	0	0						
TOTAL	7		2.7	0	0	H	0	0	0	0	67	0	0	0	=					
		7	1	0	-	0	0	0	0	ဗ		0	<u> </u>	0						
		Under	Lyear	0	0	Û	0	0	0	. ئن	3.1	0	0	0						
1	At	3011	200	0	06	31		ංදා -———	50	48	53	0	0	2	-					
				•	•	:	er	•	i	•	: B	is	•	•						
	DISEASE.			Small Pox	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	Typhoid Fever.	Para-typhoid Fever	Fuerperal Pyrexia	Pneumonia	Cerebro Spinal Fever	Acute Poliomyelitis	Dysentry	Erysipelas	Encephalitis					

The following table shows the death rate per 1,000 population from certain diseases for Doncaster, compared with that for England and Wales:—

Birth Rate	Doncaster 14.86		Average for 126 Great Towns, including Doncaster	Average for 148 smaller towns
General Death Rate	11.02	$14.2 \\ 12.9$	14.7	$10.4 \\ 13.0$
Infant Mortality (per 1,000 Births)		$\frac{1}{59}$	71	56
Measles Death Rate	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.03
Scarlet Fever Death Rate		0.00		
Diphtheria Death Rate	0.02	0.07	0.08	0.06
Small Pox Death Rate	0.00		0.07	0.00
Whooping Cough Death Rate	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.06
Typhoid Fever Death Rate Diarrhœa and Enteritis Death	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Rate (under 2 years), per 1,000 live births	7 .32	5.1	7.5	4.6

CASE RATES FOR CERTAIN INFECTIOUS DISEASES PER 1,000 POPULATION.

			Doncaster.	Average for England and Wales.	Average for 126 Great Towns, including Doncaster.	Average for 148 smaller towns.
Small Pox	 					
Scarlet Fever	 		1.22	1.47	1.49	1.51
Diphtheria	 		0.42	1.25	1.53	1.19
Typhoid Fever	 		0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03
Paratyphoid Fever	 		0.04	0.09	0.12	0.09
Erysipelas	 	• • •	0.09	0.30	0.36	0.27
Pneumonia	 ***		0.65	1.25	1.53	1.04

INFECTIOUS DISEASES IN VARIOUS WARDS.

DISEASE.	Cent.	East	Hex.	S.Geo.	S. Jas.	Н. Р.	В.	St.Jn.	Wh.	Added Area	Totals
Small Pox	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	2	30	1	5	2	7	20	4	15	4	90
Diphtheria	0	4	1	0	9	2	8	2	4	1	31
Erysipelas	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	7
Typhoid Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Para-Typhoid Fever	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	0	18	1	0	0	2	1	4	3	0	29
Encephalitis Lethargica	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

CASE RATES PER 1,000 POPULATION.

DISEASE.	Central	East	Hexthorpe	St. George's	St. James'	Hyde Park	Balby	St. John's	Wheatley	Added Area
Small Pox	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Scarlet Fever	0.71	2.16	0.15	1.32	0.42	0.86	1.41	0.73	1.13	0.22
Diphtheria	0.00	0.28	0.15	0.00	1.89	0.24	0.56	0.35	0.30	0.05
Erysipelas	0.00	0.07	0.31	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.07	0.17	0.07	0.00
Typhoid Fever Para-Typhoid	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
Fever Cerebro-Spinal	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fever Encephalitis	0.00	1.29	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.07	0.73	0.22	0.00
Lethargica	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0 00

TUBERCULOSIS.

The facilities provided locally to aid in the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of tuberculosis continued unchanged.

Since August, owing to changes in staff, the clinical tuberculosis work has been undertaken by the specialist staff of the West Riding County Council and arrangements were made for one of the Consultant Tuberculosis Officers—Dr. B. Mann—to carry out the work for the Borough.

During the year 66 new cases of Pulmonary disease (41 male and 25 female) and 22 cases of non-pulmonary disease (11 male and 11 female) came to the notice of the department. At the end of the year the numbers and distribution of cases on the register were as follows:—

Pulmonary T	uberculosis:
-------------	--------------

maies				241	
Females				123—Total	364
Non-Pulmona	ary T	'uberc	ulosis:		
~ ~ ~				1 0 0	

Males 106
Females 95—Total 201
Total Cases 565

During the year 73 cases (59 pulmonary and 14 non-pulmonary) were removed from the register—33 on account of recovery and other reasons and 40 on account of death.

1,758 attendances have been made at the Dispensary. 223 cases attended. In addition, 43 contacts were examined during the year, 2 of whom proved to be suffering from tuberculosis.

375 x-ray examinations were made.

At the end of the year cases receiving institutional treatment for tuberculosis were as follows:—

In Sanatorium:

Pulmonary cases	23
In Special Hospitals:	
Non-pulmonary cases	6
In Public Assistance Institutions:	
Pulmonary cases	1
Non-pulmonary coses	1

ULTRA VIOLET LIGHT TREATMENT FOR TUBERCULOSIS.

No. of attendances during the year ... 3,760 Cases treated, and results of treatment:—

Situation	No	o. of Cases	S	
of Disease.		Treated.	Improved.	Cured.
Skin (Lupus)		20	12	4
Glands of Neck		28	15	10
Abdominal Glands		4.	-	3
Bone and Joint		1		1
		-		
		53	27	18

NEW CASES AND MORTALITY DURING 1941.

		New Cases.				Deaths.			
Age Periods.	Pulmonary.		Non- Pulmonary.		Pulmonary.		Non- Pulmonar y		
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	
0-1 1-5	0 1 2	0 1	1 1	0 0	1 0	0	0	0	
5-10 $10-15$ $15-20$ $20-25$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\5\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{array}$	2 0 6	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{array}$	0 0	0 0	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 8 5	9 8 0	0 1 2	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{array}$	3 2 9	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{array}$	0 0	
55-65 65 and upwards	8 2	$\frac{0}{2}$	0 0	0 0	4 5	2 2	0 0	0	
Totals	41	25	11	11	30	13	1	0	

PUBLIC HEALTH (PREVENTION OF TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1925.

It has not been necessary to take any action under these Regulations.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1925, SECTION 62.

It has not been necessary to take any action under this Section.

TUBERCULOSIS DEATHS.

Non-notified Tuberculosis Death	s 11
Total Tuberculosis. Deaths	49
Death Rate for Tuberculosis	
per 1,0	000 population 0.66

VENEREAL DISEASE.

The arrangements for the treatment of Venereal Diseases continue as in previous years.

The following figures show the work done for Doncaster patients during 1941 and show relatively little change from those of 1940.

11.01	m those of 19	40.					
No.	of new cases	attei	nding:	C	al Infirm Clinic le & Fen	Špeci	al Women's Clinic.
	Syphilis .				15		4
	Gonorrhœa				34		9
	Conditions of	other	than				
			Vener	eal	26		159
	Total .				75		172
	Total attend	lance	s by patie	nts	2931		3215

ANTHRAX.

No cases of Anthrax were notified during the year.

BLINDNESS.

19 new cases have been registered during the year, and the total number of Blind Persons on the register at the end of the year was 108, their ages and sex distribution being as follows:—

Age Group.		Males.	Females.	Total.
0-5 years	 	 1	distance of the same of the sa	1
6—10 years	 	 and the second sections		
11—20 years	 	 1	4	5
21—30 years	 	 4	4	8
31—40 years	 	 2	3	5
41—50 years	 	 9	5	14
51—60 years	 	 9	4	13
61—70 years	 	 13	10	23
71—80 years	 	 9	12	21
81—90 years	 	 5	12	17
91—100 years	 	 	1	1
		53	55	108

OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM.

Continued care is being taken with regard to the prevention of Ophthalmia Neonatorum, concerning which disease the following table shows the results of treatment of cases notified during the year:—

of easely field darling the year.		
No. of cases notified No. of cases in which:—	9	
(a) vision was unimpaired		4
(b) ,, ,, impaired (c) ,, ,, lost		
(c) ,, ,, lost		
(a) the patient was still under treatment	at	
at the end of the year		
(e) the patient died		
(f) ,, removed from the district		5
(g) classification under the above hea	ads	
cannot be made		
Total		9
		-

CANCER—SITUATION OF DISEASE (1941).

PARTS OF BODY	AFFECTED.		Males	Females	Totals
Face, Tongue, Jaw	• •		2	0	$_2$
Throat, Neck, Gullet	• •		3	2	5
Stomach	• •		8	3	11
Intestines	• •		13	10	23
Rectum	• •		3	1	4
Liver	0 0		4	2	6
Breast	• •		0	8	8
Lungs	• •		6	1	7
Generative Organs			1	14	15
Kidney and Bladder	• •		8	0	8
Gall Bladder :.	• •		0	0	0
Various	• •		6	8	14
Total		• •	55	49	104

CANCER—AGES AT DEATH (1941).

	AGES.		under 5.	5 and under 15.	15 and under 25.	25 and under 35.	35 and and and and and	45 and under 55	55 and under 65.	65 and under 75.	75 and upwards.	Totals.
ŧ	Males)			• •		3	10	20	14	8	55
	Females						3	14	15	14	3	49
-	Totals				• •		6	24	35	28	11	104



ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICER

SECTION 1.

ORGANISATION AND METHODS OF MEDICAL INSPECTION.

Medical inspection has again been carried out according to the Board of Education's schedule and in addition there is an extra examination of children before being enrolled on the school register.

During the year, 1,904 children were examined before admission to school, and 90 were temporarily refused. In all these cases the reason for refusal was on account of uncleanliness.

At the end of 1941 there were 9,680 children on the roll of the Elementary Schools, distributed as follows:—

		1941.	1940.
Infant Schools	 	2,656	 2,700
Junior Schools	 	4,102	 4,189
Senior Schools	 	2,726	 2,555
Special Schools	 	196	 202

The following table gives details of the number of children examined at routine medical inspection in the various groups since 1938:—

GROUP.	Boys.	Girls.	1941	1940	1939	1938
Entrants	620	604	1224	818	955	1136
Intermediates	471	484	955	1700	1038	1040
Leavers	565	434	999	1293	716	1047
Specials	37	30	67	33	62	32
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	1693	1552	3245	3844	2771	3255

The following are the figures for the examination of routine cases in the various schools:—

SCHOOL.	11	NFANT	S.	JUN S	Total No. Examined		
SCHOOL.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Tot
Woodfield	46	42	88	27	50	77	165
Intake	104	107	211	42	44	86	297
Beechfield	73	85	158	104	106	210	368
Central				114	103	217	217
Wheatley	43	27	70	160	118	278	348
Parish Church	9	10	19	11	8	19	38
St. Peter's	31	29	60	33	33	66	126
St. James	21	30	54	34	21	55	109
Hyde Park	65	54	119	208	123	331	450
Hexthorpe	31	$4\overline{1}$	72	53	53	106	178
Balby	60	53	113				113
Oswin Avenue			-	121	116	237	237
The Park	102	83	185	74	82	156	341
Waverley	32	43	75	55	61	116	191
Totals	620	604	1224	1036	918	1954	3178
Park Nursery	26	30	56				
Waverley ,,	14	21	35				
Hexthorpe .,	17	10	27				

On the occasion of routine inspections at schools, 67 special examinations were carried out, and 2,013 examinations of cases referred from previous routine examinations were made. At the School Clinic, 2,526 examinations and 3,773 re-examinations were made. In addition, 723 re-examinations were made at the Open Air School.

The total number of examinations of Elementary School children during the year was therefore 12,280. In addition, Medical Inspections were also held at the Grammar School, the Municipal High School, the Junior Technical School and the Junior Instructional Centres, details of which are given later in the report.

NUTRITION.

The children are divided for the purpose of estimating the state of their nutrition into four groups as follows:—

A.—Excellent.

B.—Normal.

C.—Slightly subnormal.

D.—Bad.

The following table gives a summary of the findings:—

GROUP.	No. Examined	Α.	%	В,	o/ /o	C.	% %	D.	%
Entrants	1224	260	$21 \cdot 2$	898	73.4	66	5.4		
Intermediates	955	205	21.4	682	71.5	67	7.0	1	0.1
Leavers	999	225	22.5	712	71.3	62	6.2		
Totals	3178	690	21.7	2292	72.1	195	6.1	1	0.1

The figures resemble very closely those of the previous year and there is no evidence of deterioration in nutrition owing to war conditions. The diagnosis of malnutrition was made on the usual criteria—height, weight, general wellbeing of the child, etc.

The steps taken to avoid malnutrition include the provision of free meals and free milk (as described elsewhere in this report), and the provision of cod liver oil and malt,

etc., free or at cost price.

CLEANLINESS.

The same high standard was again demanded, all children with heads containing nits, however few, being excluded. In 1941, 647 individual children were excluded, an increase of 30 on the number for 1940.

The figures since the adoption of this severe standard are:—

1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 806 659 508 528 511 617 647

Legal proceedings were taken in 19 cases, and in each case a fine was imposed.

SKIN DISEASES.

There has been a further increase in the number of cases of scabies found at routine medical inspections in 1941.

Impetigo ... 13 Ringworm Body ... 1 Dermatitis ... 6 Scabies ... 49 Other Diseases ... 15

EXTERNAL EYE DISEASE.

30 cases of external eye disease, mostly cases of Blepharitis, were encountered during routine medical inspections and were referred for treatment and investigation to their private doctor or to the Minor Ailment Clinic.

VISION.

The same standards of visual acuity have again been adopted, all children in class D being offered treatment as soon as possible. All others with vision less than 6/6 each eye are kept under observation.

The following table presents a summary of the

findings:-

Group.	No. Xamined.		Α.		В.		С.),
	Ä	No.	%	No.	%u	No.	%	No.	0/ /0
Intermediates	955	577	58:3	279	29.2	51	5.4	68	7.1
Leavers	999	592	58.3	223	22.3	46	6.4	120	12.0
Totals	1954	1149	58.8	502	25.7	115	5.9	188	9.6

TONSILS AND ADENOIDS.

The number of children referred for treatment for enlarged tonsils and adenoids was 51, 1.6% of the number examined. Many cases with slight degrees of enlargement and where the condition was not likely to cause any harm to the child, were placed under observation; the percentage of such cases was 11.9, and once again it was found that the majority of the cases occurred in the infant group.

The following table gives the summary of the findings:—

Group.	No. Ex	kamined.	No.	of Cases.	Pero	centage.
Entrants .	 	1224		218		$17.\overline{8}$
Intermediates		955		137		14.3
Leavers .	 	999		77		7.7
Totals .	 	3178		432		13.5

EAR DISEASE AND HEARING.

21 children were found to be suffering from Otorrhœa at routine medical inspections. 1,954 children were examined for hearing, with the following results:—

Group. Intermediates		Examination 955			C. 8	 D. 1
Leavers						
Total	S	1954	1901	36	16	1

DENTAL DEFECTS.

The figures in the accompanying table refer only to children examined during the routine inspections. Further examinations of the teeth are made by the school dental officers when they visit the schools, and in this way the attention of the parents is continually brought to the state of the children's teeth.

	GROUP.	No. Examined	No Teeth Decayed.	9/0	Requiring Treatment	%
	Entrants	1224	710	58.0	514	42.0
į	Intermediates	955	683	71.5	272	28.5
1	Leavers	999	820	82.1	179	17.9
	Totals	3178	2213	69.6	965	30.4

EXAMINATION FOR MENTAL CONDITION.

During the year, 24 children were examined. 10 were considered mentally defective and suitable for a special school, 10 were dull and backward. 2 children were considered border-line mental defectives, and the remaining 2 were diagnosed as ineducable mental defectives and were notified to the Local Authority.

There is at present a waiting list for vacancies in the

There is at present a waiting list for vacancies in the Mentally Defective Section of the Open Air School.

FOLLOWING UP

The arrangements for following up were given in the Annual Report for 1939. During the year 1941, 1,688 visits were made by the School Nurses.

SUMMARY OF VISITS, 1941.

Re-visits are included in this table:—			0.50
			250
Uncleanliness of Head	• • •		66
Uncleanliness of Body	• • •		1
Nutrition			241
Ringworm			5
Skin Diseases			310
			21
Defective Vision			137
Squint			21
			33
		* * v	141
Decayed Teeth			35
Heart Disease			3
Anæmia			48
Rheumatism			11
Chorea			2
Other Diseases of the Nervous Syste	em		12
Rickets			27
Other Deformities			10
Enlarged Cervical Glands (Non T.B.))		20
			45
Pulmonary Tuberculosis—Definite			4
Pulmonady Tuberculosis—Suspected			10
Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis			67
	• • •		99
Investigation of Absentees			69
		-	000
		1	,688

SECTION 2.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

The Education Committee, in combination with the Public Health Committee, provides the following clinics and facilities for the treatment of defects in children attending the schools in the Borough:—

- 1. Minor Ailment Clinic.
- 2. Refraction Clinic.
- 3. Operative Treatment for Tonsils and Adenoids.
- 4. Aural Clinic
- 5. Dental Clinic.
- 6. X-ray Treatment of Ringworm.
- 7. Ultra Violet Light Clinic.
- 8. Orthopædic Clinic.
- 9. Immunisation Clinic.
- 10. Speech Training Class.
- 11. Child Guidance Clinic.
- 12. Scabies Treatment Centres.

In addition there are facilities for the care and treatment of delicate and feeble minded children at the Open Air School, and for those suffering from Tuberculosis through the Tuberculosis Dispensary, the Sanatorium and various special hospitals. There are also arrangements with various special schools and hospitals for the treatment of children with special defects—Blind children, Deaf children, etc.

The following tables summarise the work done at the

special clinics:—

MINOR AILMENTS.

A full description of the functions of this clinic was given in the report for 1939. There was a further increase in the incidence of scabies from 296 cases in 1940 to 512 cases in 1941. The treatment of scabies at special centres is described later in this report.

Condition Treated.	1st	Visits.	Re-Visits.
Ringworm		26	 165
Scabies		512	 1506
Other Skin Diseases		438	 1819
Accidents		103	 423
Disease of the Eye (External))	95	 121
Miscellaneous		853	 2784
	-		announced bloke over requirement products
Totals	2	1,027	 $6,\!818$
*			

ERRORS OF REFRACTION.

463 children attended the clinic during the year: the conditions found were as follows:—

			First		
		Atte	endances.	Re-ex	kamination
Simple Hypermetropia	a		43		52
Hypermetropic Astign	natism		145		85
Simple Myopia			17		8
Myopic Astigmatism			32		22
Mixed Astigmatism	• • •		17		6
Other conditions			12		10
Glasses not required			13		1
					de alla companya de la companya del la companya de
	Totals		279		184

Of these children, 93 were suffering from squint (46 first attendance, 47 re-examinations).

TONSILS AND ADENOIDS.

The 95 cases undergoing operation during the year were done for the following reasons:—

Tonsils only			 10
Adenoids only			
Tonsils and Adenoids			 77
Other defects of Nose	ond	Throat	 0
			-
			95

AURAL CLINIC.

The following figures give details of the school children attending the clinic during 1941:—

attending the child daring 1011.			
First attendances		119	
Subsequent attendances Attendances for		202	
intermediate trea	tment	346	
		667	
Conditions for which children were ref	erred:-	Petr	
Otorrhœa			24
Earache			
Deafness			2
Enlarged Tonsils and Adenoids			66
Enlarged Tonsils only			5
Enlarged Adenoids only			
Inspection following removal			
of Tonsils and	d Aden	oids	47

ORTHOPÆDIC CLINIC.

Minor Ear, Nose and Throat Defects

In 1941 39 school children attended the clinic as compared with 56 in 1940. The defects found were:—

1	CG WILL DO III	1010.	1116	YCTCC (2)	Tourit	I WCIE	4	
	Rickets or de	eformit	ties res	sulting	from	ricket	S	18
	Infantile par	ralysis	,					1
	Flat foot							4
	Kyphosis	* • •						2
	T.B. elbow							1
	T.B. hip							2
	T.B. knee							1
	T.B. spine				• • •			2
	Other defect	ES .			0 D +			8

39

22

DENTAL DEFECTS.

Table 5, at the end of the report, gives details of the work carried out at the dental clinic.

TREATMENT OF SCABIES.

During the year 1941, cases of scabies found at routine medical inspection and minor ailment clinics were referred to the cleansing centre at St. James' Street Baths. After treatment with a proprietary benzyl benzoate preparation, they returned to the school clinic for re-examination. 393 children attended for treatment in 1941.

TREATMENT OF RINGWORM.

As in former years, X-ray treatment of Ringworm of scalp was carried out by Dr. H. Miller, Radiologist to the Doncaster Royal Infirmary. During 1941, 1 case was treated by this method.

The use of the Wood's Glass Fluorescent Screen attached to the Kromayer Lamp greatly facilitated quick and accurate diagnosis, and was especially useful in examining contacts.

In the same period, 25 cases of ringworm, chiefly affecting the skin, were treated by other means.

ULTRA VIOLET LIGHT CLINIC.

During the year, 160 school children attended this clinic. 105 completed courses of treatment; 51 were still undergoing treatment at the end of the year, while 4 failed to complete the course advised.

The accompanying table gives a detailed account of the work and results of the clinic. The total number of attendances of school children (excluding cases of tuberculosis, not deal with in this report), was 4,257. This figure includes 49 attendances for diagnosis and progress of cases of ringworm.

	Average Mumber of attendances per case.	82 11 11 84 85 45 41	!
TREATMENT	.barnO	100 100 100 100 100 100	20
	Магкед Іт- русуетенt.	4 0 0 4 4 4	22
LTS OF	Slight Im- provement.		٠٥.
RESULTS	No Improve-	- -	N
	кевтивет сотрјетес учтрет	7 9 32 32 10 10	105
)	vədmin 19brin Ilitz 1997-cətilər	8 10 10 4	ŢĊ.
1	Number no completing treatment		4
	lmuN latoT gaibaetta	10 6 12 9 88 12 12 12	160
	DISEASE TREATED.	Alopoecia Erythema Pernio Other Skin Diseases Debility, etc Enlarged Cervical Glands Asthma and Bronchitis Rickets	Totals

CHILD GUIDANCE CLINIC.

In conjunction with other authorities, a branch clinic is held at the Health Department weekly.

OPEN AIR EDUCATION.

In addition to the Open Air School itself, the Park School and the Intake School are built on Open Air School lines. In other schools, playground classes are held during the summer whenever possible.

PHYSICAL TRAINING.

I am indebted to Miss W. V. Traylen, organiser of Physical Training, for the following report on Physical Education in Doncaster Schools.

1. General aims in Doncaster schools.

The chief aims of our P.E. lessons during the past year have been:—

(a) Preservation of natural nobility.

(b) Stimulation of normal development.(c) Prevention of postural maladjustment.

(d) Development of self reliance and initiative.

2. Extent to which these aims have been achieved.

On the whole good progress has been made. The teachers have generally improved the pace of their lessons, and are getting a greater amount of activity into the time at their disposal. This not only helps to preserve nobility but stimulates respiration, circulation and other physiological functions.

Most teachers are posture conscious, and an easier poise is generally maintained. Special attention has been paid to feet, which are the cause of many postural defects. This has resulted in a marked improvement of all forms of

jumps, and some very good results are obtained.

There has also been a definite raising of the standard in all forms of individual and group activities. The children are working purposefully on their own or under the direction of a team leader and are showing more initiative and self-confidence.

3. Particular Activities.

(a) Infant and Junior School. Static work is avoided and a number of mobilising exercises are introduced. Activities involving the "all fours" position are now introduced more frequently. This is done with a view to correcting the tendency to Lordosis so common at this age.

- (b) Senior Schools. The portable apparatus provided is being well used, and some very satisfactory results obtained. On the whole the work being done in the girls' schools reaches a very good standard. It is interesting to note that although the boys attempt more difficult work, they do not always attain the finish acquired by the girls.
- (c) Swimming. Approximately 660 children unable to swim at the beginning of the season received instruction each week. Of these, 243 obtained a one length certificate by October.
- (d) Games. The playing field has been well used where weather permitted. Schools in the Balby area are unfortunate in not having facilities such as those offered by the Town fields.

There has been a great lack of men teachers to coach football and cricket. The supervision by women does not appear to have damped the enthusiasm of the boys.

Playground games have improved, and if this continues a satisfactory standard should be reached during the year.

(e) Dancing. Many classes of girls in Senior and Junior schools are now receiving a regular lesson in Dancing each week.

The Modern type of work is still in the experimental stage but some of the results are most encouraging. Where the conditions allow, children work barefooted, and in all classes teachers are encouraged to introduce some exercises taken with bare feet.

PROVISION OF FREE MEALS.

Free meals, given at local cafés and consisting of a midday meal and a tea each day, were supplied to children who appeared to suffer from malnutrition, and whose parents lacked sufficient income to feed them adequately. The majority of those cases were brought to notice through routine medical inspection, health visitors or head teachers.

In November, 1941, a feeding centre was opened at Oswin Avenue School, and approximately 80% of children receiving free meals attend this centre. Further feeding centres are under consideration in other parts of the town.

PROVISION OF MILK.

There has been a further increase in the number of children partaking of milk in school at the cheap rate (½d. per ½-pint). At the end of 1941, 7,566 children were obtaining milk in Junior and Senior Departments of Elementary Schools, of whom 580 were receiving it free of cost. These figures compare very favourably with 5,703 (941 free of cost) in 1940. In addition, 895 children attending the Grammar School, High School and Junior Technical School were obtaining milk, and all scholars attending Junior Instructional Centres receive free milk.

All the milk is provided in bottles, is pasteurised and is examined periodically to ensure that proper bacteriological standards of purity are being maintained.

BLIND, DEAF, DEFECTIVE AND EPILEPTIC CHILDREN.

The existence of children with these defects is ascertained through the Infant Welfare Service, School Medical Inspections, notifications from Head Teachers, School Nurses, School Attendance Officers, private medical practitioners, and other sources, and few are likely to be overlooked.

Details of the numbers, defects and distribution of these children will be found in Table III at the end of this report.

OPEN AIR SCHOOL.

At the end of 1941 there were 188 children attending the school, the number in each section being:—

"Delicates"	 	87
"Orthopædics"	 	65
"Mental Defectives"	 	36

In addition, there were 30 children in the Nursery Class. During the year 108 children were discharged with the following results:—

DELICATES.

Cured		* * *		39
Left Distric	t			12
Unfit				2
Over Age				3
To Sanatori				5
Transferred				3
Transferred	to Orth			
_		sec	etion	1
Deceased	0 0 0		e + 0	1.
				distribution of the last of th
				66

ORTHOPÆDICS.

Cured				15
Transferred to I	Hospit	al		2
				3
Left District	• • •		• • •	2
				1
Transferded to I	Delica	te sect	ion	2
			-	
			4	24
MENTAL DEFECTIVES.				
Over 16 years				6
Left District				3
				7
Unfit for any se	chool	• • •		2
			-	
				18

EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS.

During the year 187 children were examined for certificates of fitness for employment, the chief occupations being those of errand and paper boys.

In addition, 12 children were examined and certified fit

to take part in entertainments.

SECTION 3.

SECONDARY SCHOOLS AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION.

Medical Inspections are carried out at the following schools provided by the Authority:-

The Grammar School (Boys).
The Municipal High School (Girls). The Junior Technical School (Mixed).

The numbers examined in the respective schools, and the numbers of defects found during 1941 are shown in the following tables:—

Groups.		Gran	nmar Sci	hool. Hi	gh Schoo	1.
Entrants			100		104	
Age 15 years			106		67	
Specials			7		113	
	Total	S	213	0 0	284	

Junior Technical School.

Groups.			Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Entrants			115	55	170
Age 15 year	ars		3	1	4
Specials				geometric control of the control of	-
				Promoter	******************
	Total	ls	118	56	174

GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

	Treatment.			Observation			
DEFECT		Entrants.	Age 15 years	Specials.	Entrants	Age 15 years	Specials.
Nutrition Vision Blepharitis Tonsils Adenoids Tonsils and Adeno Teeth Heart (functional) Anæmia Glands Lungs Hearing Otitis Media Deformities Skin Disease Corneal Ulcer T.B. Cervical Aden Eneuresis Squint Mouth Breather Speech Ptosis		12 1 9 1 2 1	9 24 1		1 7	1 8 1 1 2 4 1 5 1 	

HIGH SCHOOL.

		Requiring Treatment.			Requiring observation.		
DEFECT.		Age 15 years	Specials	Entrants	Age 15 years	Specials	
Nutrition			•	4		12	
Vicion	7	4	13	3	 ვ	37	
Tongila						5	
Tongila and Adonaida					. 1	3	
Other conditions of	1						
Nose and Throat					1		
Teeth	6	10	2				
Heart (functional)				7	1	9	
(ongania)		!		1		1	
Anæmia				1	1	9	
	1				1	1	
				2		1	
				2	1 .	4	
	1	1			1		
						1	
				5	3	10	
	• • • • •			1			
	• • •		* *	1		• •	
	• • • • •			1		1	
				• •	• •	3	
Blepharitis	• • •		• •	• •		1	

JUNIOR TECHNICAL SCHOOL.

	Б Г	lequirin reatine	ng nt		equirin oservat:	
DEFECT.	Entrants	Age 15 years	Specials	Entrants	Age 15 years	Specials
Nutrition Vision Teeth Adenoids Tonsils Tonsils and Adenoids Glands Heart (functional) Heart (organic) Hearing Lungs External Eye Disease Skin Disease Deformities Obesity Chicken Pox Squint	16 35 5 1			5 10 ··· 1 5 1 4 3 ··· 2 2 1 ··· 9		
Blepharitis	 J. 6	•	e +	1		

PARENTS' PAYMENTS.

Payments for treatment at the Minor Ailment Clinic are voluntary, a collecting box being provided for the purpose. Payments for all other forms of treatment vary with the parents' income according to an approved scale, which applies equally to children attending Elementary Schools and the schools for higher education.

EXAMINATION OF SCHOLARSHIP HOLDERS.

All children receiving scholarships are examined prior to their admission to the Grammar School or High School ', ensure that their physical health is satisfactory.

SECTION 4.

MEDICAL INSPECTION RETURNS.

Year ended 31st December, 1941.

TABLE I.

MEDICAL INSPECTIONS OF CHILDREN ATTENDING PUBLIC ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

A.—ROUTINE MEDICAL INSPECTIONS.

Number	of	Inspections	in	the	prescribed	Groups:—
--------	----	-------------	----	-----	------------	----------

Entrants		 	1224
Second Age Group		 	055
Third Age Group	4	 	999
9			
			3178

B.—OTHER INSPECTIONS.

	special inspection re-inspections	ns 	3177 8124
			11301

C.—CHILDREN FOUND TO REQUIRE TREATMENT.

Number of individual children found at routine medical inspection to require treatment (excluding defects of Nutrition, Uncleanliness and Dental Diseases):—

Prescribed Groups:—

Entrants				64
Second Age Group	* * *			87
Third Age Group				131
m / 1 /D : 1 1 C				200
Total (Prescribed Groups)		* * *		282
Other Routine Inspections	* * *			
	<i>C</i> 1	FTF1 (1	•	000
	Grand	Total		282

TABLE II.

A—RETURN OF DEFECTS FOUND BY MEDICAL INSPECTION IN THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1941.

	JIST DECEMBER,	1341.			
		Routine	Inspections	Special In	spections.
			Defects		Defects
	Defect or Disease.	Requiring Treatment.	Requiring to be kept under observation, but not requiring Treatment.	Requiring Treatment.	Requiring to be kept under observation, but not requiring Treatment.
	Ringworm:		-	-	
	-			1	
C1 :		1		27	
Skin		49		546	
		13		310	• •
	Other Diseases	1.77	4	7.11	
		17	4	144	• •
	±	10	14	24	• •
		4	* •	23	
	_	• •			• •
Eye	Corneal Ópacities	··			• •
13,0	Defective Vision & Squin	1	2	49	
	Defective Vision		7	40	
	(arraling Carrint)	188	115	275	
	Carried	3	11	49	
	Defective Hearing		4	5	
Ear	Otitis Media	21		31	
			3	59	
		15	238		1
Moso and		. 15	77		5
Nose and Throat	Chronic Tonsillitis and				1
I III Odt		. 21	66	45	
			2	46	
	ical Glands (Non-Tuberculous		184	27	
Defective Spee		5	85		1
	Heart Disease:				
Heart and	The 1	• • • • •	1		5
Circulation		1	168	. ,	0 2
	/ D	• •	48	4	• •
Lunge	Other Non-Tuberculous	* * ·	73	33	1 0 0
Lungs	Disances		-		
	Pulmonary:				• •
ì	Dofinito		1		
	Cuanactad	• •	1	• •	• •
	Non-Pulmonary:	• •	T	• •	• •
Tuberculosis -	Clanda		2	2	
	Pones and Taints				
	Claire				6 •
	Other Forms			2	
Nervous	Epilepsy		1	1	
System	Chorea		1	8	
OJ SUCIII	Other Conditions \dots		3		
D (Rickets		14		
Deformities	Spinal Curvature		• •		
Other Defect	Other Forms	3	63		
	ogg and Dontal Discours	-)		0.3.1	
Officicalifili		• •	7	958	5
	TOTAL	369	1186	2669	12
	79				

B.—CLASSIFICATION OF THE NUTRITION OF CHILDREN INSPECTED DURING THE YEAR IN THE ROUTINE AGE GROUPS.

	Age-Groups	Number of Children Inspected.		A. llent). %	I (Norm	3. mal).	C (Sligh subno No.	tly	D. (Bad No.	
	Entrants	1224	260	21.2	898	73.4	66	5.4	_	
	Second Age Group	955	205	21.4	682	71.5	67	7.0	1	0.1
	Third Age Group	999	225	22.5	712	71.3	62	6,2		
radius married	Other Routine Inspections									
	Total	3178	690	21.7	2292	72.1	195	6.1	1	0.1

TABLE III

RETURN OF ALL EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN IN THE AREA.

BLIND CHILDREN.

At	Certified Schools for the Bli	nd			0
At	Public Elementary Schools				0
At	Other Institutions				0
At	no School or Institution				-
					-
			Total		0
				/	

PARTIALLY SIGHTED CHILDREN.

At Certified Schools for the Blind		 3
At Certified Schools for the partially	sighted	 0
At Public Elementary Schools		 0
At Other Institutions		 0
	Total	3
	L O tal	 U

DEAF CHILDREN.			
At Certified Schools for the Deaf At Public Elementary Schools			12
	• • •		0
At no School or Institution			0
	Total	0 0	12
PARTIALLY DEAF CHIL	LDREN.		
At Certified Schools for the Deaf		0 0 4	4
At Certified Schools for the Partial	•		0
At Public Elementary Schools At Other Institutions			0
At no School or Institution			0
			1:0,4000 males
	Total		5
MENTALLY DEFECTIVE' C	HILDRE	N	
Feeble-Minded Childre			
At Certified Schools for	C11,		
Mentally Defecti	ve Child:	ren	39
At Public Elementary Schools			13
			0
At no School or Institution	• • •		2
	Total		54
· ·		0 0 0	and the same of th
EPILEPTIC CHILDR	EN.		
Children Suffering from Sever	re Epileps	sy.	
1			2 1 0 2
At Public Elementary Schools		¢ • •	1
At Other Institutions At no School or Institution			. U
At no behoof of institution		0 0 9	4
	Total		. 5
PHYSICALLY DEFECTIVE (CHILDRE	IN	
A. TUBERCULOUS CHI		a a 1 2	
Children suffering from Pulmonary		losis	
(Including pleura and intra-thorac)
A			2
At Public Elementary Schools	b 0 0		2 0
At Other Institutions			1
At no School or Institution	7 9		-0
	Total	l	3

2	Children suffering from Non-F (This category includes tuber	Pulmona cculosis	ary Tub of all	ercu site:	llosis. s other
	than shown in 1 above). At Certified Special Schools At Public Elementary School At Other Institutions At no School or Institution	S 			13 2 2 0
			Total		17
	B. DELICATE C	HILDR	EN.		
	At Certified Special Schools At Public Elementary School At Other Institutions At no School or Institution	S			44
			Total		127
	C. CRIPPLED C	HILDRI	EN.		
	At Certified Special Schools At Public Elementary School At Other Institutions At no School or Institution		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		61 16 0 0
			Total		77
	D. CHILDREN WITH F	HEART	DISEA	SE.	
	At Certified Special Schools At Public Elementary School At Other Institutions At no School or Institution	S 			6 3 0 1
			Total		10
С	HILDREN SUFFERING FROM	I MULT	CIPLE I	OEF	ECTS.
Or	ne Girl—Mentally Defective an		ole— ied Spe	cial	School
Or	ne Girl—Mentally Defective an	d Heart			
Or	ne Girl—Mentally Defective an	d Heart			

STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1941, BY THE LOCAL EDUCATION AUTHORITY TO THE LOCAL MENTAL DEFECTIVE AUTHORITY.

Total number of children notified ... 14

ANALYSIS OF THE ABOVE TOTAL.

1.	Diagnosis. (i) Children incapable of receiving benefit or further benefit from instruction in a Special School:	Boys.		Girls.
	(a) Idiots (b) Imbeciles (c) Others		• • •	
	(ii) Children unable to be instructed in a Special School without detriment to the interests of other children:			
	(a) Moral Defectives (b) Others			0
2.	Feeble-minded children notified on leaving a Special School on or before attaining the age of 16	0		5
3.	Feeble-minded children notified under Article 3, <i>i.e.</i> , "Special Circumstances" cases	0		0
4.	Children who in addition to being mentally defective were blind or deaf	0	• •, •	0
	Grand Total	6		8

TABLE IV.

TREATMENT TABLES.

GROUP I.—MINOR AILMENTS (excluding Uncleanliness, for which see Table VI.)

	Treatme	Defects treated ent during the	
DISEASE OR DEFECT:	Under the Authority's Scheme.	Otherwise.	Total.
Skin-			
Ringworm—Scalp—			
(i) X-Ray Treatment	. 1		1
(ii) Other Treatment	4	programmas	Southweb- Pr
Ringworm—Body '	. 25	1	26
Scabies	. 512	1.	513
Impetigo	. 307	2	309
Other Skin Disease	. 131	13	144
Minor Eye Defects—			
(External and other, bu			
excluding cases falling in Group II)		providence	95
Minor Ear Defects	. 95		95
Miscellaneous—			
e.g., minor injuries, bruises sores, chilblains, etc.	-	No.	956
Total	. 2122	17	2139

GROUP II.—DEFECTIVE VISION and SQUINT (excluding Minor Eye Defects treated as Minor Ailments—Group I.)

No. of Defects dealt with.

Otherwise. Errors of Refraction (including 449 4 453 Squint) Other defects or disease of the eyes (excluding those recorded in Group I) 0 14 14 . . . Total ... 463 4 467

Number of Children for whom spectacles were presc (a) Under the Authority's Scheme 4' (b) Otherwise	70
Total 4'	74
Number of Children for whom spectacles were obt (a) Under the Authority's Scheme 48 (b) Otherwise	54
Total 4	58
GROUP III.	
TREATMENT OF DEFECTS OF NOSE AND TH	ROAT.
Received Operative Treatment:— Under the Authority's Scheme, in the Clinic or Hospital	95
By Private Practitioner or Hospital, apart from the Authority's Scheme	0
Total	95
Received other forms of treatment	3
Total number treated	98
GROUP IV.	
ORTHOPÆDIC AND POSTURAL DEFECT	S.
Number of children treated under the Authority's Sc	heme:-
Residential treatment with education Residential treatment without education	5 1
Non-residential treatment at an orthopædic Clinic	155
Number of children treated otherwise:—	
Residential treatment with education Residential treatment without education	0
Non-residential treatment at an orthopædic Clinic	0
Total number treated	161

TABLE V. (i).

DENTAL INSPECTION AND TREATMENT.

ELEMENTARY EDUCATION.

(1)	Number of children inspected by the Der	ntist:—	
Rou	AGE:- $ \begin{array}{c} 5 \dots 369 \\ 6 \dots 517 \\ 7 \dots 441 \\ 8 \dots 462 \\ 9 \dots 505 \\ 10 \dots 506 \\ 11 \dots 717 \\ 12 \dots 732 \\ 13 \dots 567 \\ 14 \dots 251 \\ 15 \dots 39 \end{array} $	'otal	5106
<i>(b)</i>	Specials		116
(c)	TOTAL (Routine and Specials)		5222
(2)	Number found to require treatment	. 4 9 4	4557
(3)	Number actually completed		2615
(4)	Attendances made by children for treatm	ient	8395
(5)	Half-days devoted to:—		
	Inspection 31 Treatment 602 To	tal	633
(6)	Fillings:—		
	Permanent Teeth 4308 Temporary Teeth 100 To	tal	4408
(7)			
	Permanent Teeth 1837 Temporary Teeth 6128 To	tal	7965
(8)	Administrations of general anæsthetic		
	extractions		3762
(9)	Other Operations:— Permanent Teeth 861 Temporary Teeth — To Partial Dentures fitted Full Upper Dentures fitted 80		861 18 —

TABLE V. (ii).

HIGHER EDUCATION DENTAL INSPECTION AND TREATMENT.

(1)	Number	of	children	inspected	by	the	Dentist:—
-----	--------	----	----------	-----------	----	-----	-----------

()	Trained of children mapeeted by the Dentist.	
Rou:	$\begin{array}{c} \text{AGE:-} \\ \text{(a)} \\ \text{tine Age Groups} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 10 & \dots & 0 \\ 11 & \dots & 0 \\ 12 & \dots & 0 \\ 13 & \dots & 0 \\ 14 & \dots & 0 \\ 15 & \dots & 0 \\ 16 & \dots & 0 \\ 17 & \dots & 0 \\ 18 & \dots & 0 \\ 19 & \dots & 0 \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Total } \dots \\ Tota$	0
<i>(b)</i>	Specials,	0
(.c)	TOTALS (Routine and Specials)	0
(2)	Number found to require treatment	0
(3)	Number actually completed	13
(4)	Attendances made by children for treatment	61
(5)	Fillings:— Permanent Teeth 14 Temporary Teeth 1 Total	15
(6)	Permanent Teeth 22 Temporary Teeth — Total	22
(7)	Administrations of general anæsthetics for extractions	14
(8)	Other Operations:— Permanent Teeth 5 Temporary Teeth — Total Partial Dentures fitted Dentures repaired	5 7 3

TABLE V (iii).

JUNIOR INSTRUCTIONAL CENTRE DENTAL TREATMENT AND INSPECTION.

Number actually completed Attendances made by children for treatment	3 16
Fillings:— Permanent Teeth 4 Temporary Teeth — Total	4
Extractions:— Permanent Teeth Temporary Teeth Total	16
Administrations of general anæsthetics for Extractions	9
Other Operations:— Permanent Teeth — Temporary Teeth — Total Partial Dentures fitted	0
TABLE VI.	
UNCLEANLINESS AND VERMINOUS CONDITION	NS.
UNCLEANLINESS AND VERMINOUS CONDITION (i) Average number of visits per school made during the year by the School Nurses	NS. 29
(i) Average number of visits per school made during the year by the School Nurses(ii) Total number of examinations of children in the	29
(i) Average number of visits per school made during the year by the School Nurses(ii) Total number of examinations of children in the	29
 (i) Average number of visits per school made during the year by the School Nurses (ii) Total number of examinations of children in the School by School Nurses 	29 29788
 (i) Average number of visits per school made during the year by the School Nurses (ii) Total number of examinations of children in the School by School Nurses (iii) Number of individual children found unclean (iv) Number of children cleansed under the arrange- 	29 29788 647
 (i) Average number of visits per school made during the year by the School Nurses (ii) Total number of examinations of children in the School by School Nurses (iii) Number of individual children found unclean (iv) Number of children cleansed under the arrangements made by the Local Education Authority (v) Number of cases in which legal proceedings were 	29 29788 647







